JUDICIAL BRANCH of the NAVAJO NATION



FISCAL YEAR 2012 Annual Report

(October 1, 2011 - September 30, 2012)

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1. Annual Message from the Chief Justice of the Navajo Nation

Tribal and Federal Funding Issues

The Navajo Nation is facing declining revenues in the coming fiscal years. We at the Judicial Branch have stressed that our nation must be prepared for these reductions in our budget with a comprehensive overall strategy based on a study of our governmental services and structure. The Judicial Branch itself already operates with minimal resources and any reduction will have a profound effect on us, especially since the Navajo Nation provides the majority of funding to operate our court system.

The branch is further anticipating that there will be federal budget cuts that will affect the Navajo Nation's P.L. 93-638 contracted programs also in the near future. We continue to meet with the Bureau of Indian Affairs on our five-year P.L. 93-638 contract. The annual funding agreement we had signed earlier this year on March 16, 2012 was done so under protest; however, the scope of work we submitted to the BIA was approved. We must make plans now to ensure that our contracts are funded so that we will continue to provide our people with necessary services. Such plans require us to assess the impact on services and the cost of the level of services we need to provide to our people. We urge our Navajo Nation Department of Justice to research how the decision in <u>Salazar v. Ramah Chapter</u> will affect our funding from the federal government.

Vacant District Court Judge and Supreme Court Associate Justice Positions

President Ben Shelly has recently appointed three applicants to district court judge positions, including Leonard Livingston, Roy Tso and Victoria Yazzie. Consideration for their probationary appointments will be sent to the Navajo Nation Council in accordance with Title 7. Another applicant has been forwarded to the president for possible consideration and the process continues for other applicants to be screened through the Law and Order Committee with the assistance of the Judicial Branch's human resources section.

In total, there are currently seven vacant district court judge positions. This has an adverse effect on our caseload, which numbers in the tens of thousands each year throughout the 11 judicial districts of the Navajo Nation. The Judicial Branch asks for the legislature to consider the confirmation of the probationary appointments of district court judges expeditiously so that we may assign judges to judicial districts to begin addressing the caseloads.

The Navajo Nation Council did not choose to approve the probationary appointment of the nominee to the Supreme Court selected by President Shelly. Thus, the Associate Justice position remains vacant since October 2010. The Judicial Branch has re-advertised the position and we are currently seeking qualified applicants to begin the process again for the appointment of an Associate Justice.

We at the Judicial Branch thank Leroy S. Bedonie, Thomas Holgate and Laverne A. Johnson, who have retired within the past year, for the services they have rendered for the Navajo Nation as district court judges. Judge Bedonie retired effective December 31, 2011, after more than 22 years of service. Judge Holgate retired August 31, 2012, with 15 years on the bench. Judge Johnson retired October 31, 2012, after serving 21 years.

Capital Improvement Activities

The judicial/public safety facilities that are being constructed in Crownpoint and Tuba City respectively are expected to be completed in January 2013 and ready for occupancy shortly thereafter. These projects, which will contain the facilities for the judicial districts, law enforcement and detention, began construction activities in 2011. While the completion of these projects is near, the Judicial Branch continues to seek an agreement with the Bureau of Indian Affairs for the BIA to fund operations and maintenance not only for these facilities but for all the judicial districts and courts of the Navajo Nation.

A transfer of funds for the Chinle judicial/public safety justice center project was approved by our oversight committee. These funds were part of the loan from Key Bank as a result of savings due to a contribution from the BIA toward construction of the Crownpoint project. More funds are still needed for the Chinle project, which is expected to include the courts, peacemaking, adult corrections and law enforcement. The prototype design from the Crownpoint project will also be used for the Chinle project. The project management firm is Arcadis and the architectural firm is Dyron Murphy.

The Judicial Branch is also seeking funds for the construction of a Supreme Court facility. We have been working with Design and Engineering and the Division of Community Development to prepare for such construction. An access road for the proposed facility, which would include the Supreme Court, Administrative Office of the Courts and the Peacemaking Program, has been prioritized through legislation for the Navajo Nation Tribal Transportation Improvement Plan for FY 2013 Indian Reservation Roads Program. We continue to explore options for the funding of a judicial complex and we implore the leaders of the Navajo Nation to assist us in this effort.

Peacemaking Program

The Peacemaking Program's plan of operations was approved by the Law and Order Committee on July 30, 2012. This plan sets forth the program's new traditional services and clarifies the roles of the program and the courts. It further incorporates new enacted laws including the Álchíní Bi Beehaz'áanii Act and the Vulnerable Adult Protection Act.

The independence of peacemakers is reinforced and goals of peacemaking are clarified within the new plan. It also reiterates the need for the traditional components of peacemaking to be distinct and separate from court-style processes. The processes for peacemaking are now being implemented along with new services for children and schools that are also outlined in the plan of operations.

To further these services throughout the Navajo Nation, the Peacemaking Program has been awarded two grants from federal sources. First, the program received the U.S. Department of Justice Edward Byrnes Memorial Justice Assistance Grant for \$73,497 for the "Juvenile Dependency, Diversion and Alternative Sentencing Peacemaking Project." The funds will pay for peacemaker fees for indigent individuals and families to receive services that address family preservation and juvenile accountability such as *hózhóji naat'aah* (traditional peacemaking), *álchíní báNdazhnit'á* (Dine family group conferencing) and life value engagements.

Secondly, the program was awarded a grant from the federal Administration for Children and Families Tribal Court Improvement Program for the "Peacemaking Toward Asset - Building Navajo Nation Rural Communities." The three-year grant totals \$439,807 and will be used to

develop local peacemaker capabilities in housing subdivisions. This will allow for peacemaking services to be provided on a more local basis. A team will be assembled to identify priority communities where the peacemakers will be placed.

External Funding Issues

While there remain concerns from the Navajo Nation regarding external funding in the form of federal grants, we at the Judicial Branch have identified the need to revise the process to apply for and accept grants. Nowhere is this more evident than in the application for the Coordinated Tribal Assistance Solicitation. The CTAS application period for FY 2013 is beginning and the deadline is March 19, 2013 for all tribes to submit one comprehensive application for nine purpose areas that encompass public safety and justice. For the past two years, the Judicial Branch has emphasized the need for one entity to organize the application for the Navajo Nation to no avail. We have also run into problems when we were informed of grant opportunities with very minimal time to submit an application and when we were given deadlines to obtain resolutions accepting awards. This has underscored the need to revise the Navajo Nation's internal process for approval of application and award.

Probation and Parole Services

Probation and Parole Services is now the Office of Probation Services with all probation officers – currently totaling 29 – under one office supervised by the Chief Probation Officer, though they remain stationed throughout the judicial districts across the Navajo Nation. The Navajo Nation Council has directed through a condition of appropriation that this new office must develop a plan of operation within this fiscal year and the Chief Probation Officer is taking this to task.

The Office of Probation Services graduated 24 probation officers from the first-ever Probation Academy on October 19, 2012. These probation officers attended four week-long sessions with courses conducted by Fox Valley Technical College beginning in June 2012. They obtained training that enhances their skills and knowledge of probation issues regarding awareness trends, processes, officers' safety, procedures and people skills to be able to work with sensitive issues clients are encountering. The certification they have gained now provides probation officers with the opportunity to further enhance their skills under the American Probation and Parole Association and other resources.

2. Vision, Mission and Strategic Goals

VISION

It is our vision that the present judicial system, consisting of an adversarial-style tribal court system modeled on Anglo courts, a peacemaking system modeled on Diné original dispute resolution methods, and Probation and Parole Services, will fully embody the values and processes of the Navajo People, including family and clan-centered Navajo values. Our justice system as a whole will truly reflect the heart and soul of the Diné. It will be one that the People can recognize as their own and fully participate in the spirit of nábináhaazláago.

MISSION

The Judicial Branch will provide stability in the Navajo Nation government by providing court, peacemaking, and probation and parole services, to adjudicate cases, resolve disputes, rehabilitate individuals and families, restore harmony, educate the public, agencies, services and other governments in Diné bi beenahaz' áanii, and protect persons and property pursuant to Navajo Nation laws, customs, traditions, and applicable federal laws. Pursuant to Diné bi beenahaz' áanii, the Judicial Branch will carefully develop a justice system that fully embodies the traditional values and processes of the Navajo People.

STRATEGIC GOALS

One: As the Navajo Nation court, peacemaking, and probation and parole system, we will ensure

the continued provision of efficient, fair, and respectful judicial services.

Two: We will ensure access to the judicial system by the public.

Three: We will address the infrastructure needed to maximize partnerships across branches,

agencies, and communities.

Four: We will develop a judicial system in accordance with Diné bi beenahaz' áanii that fully

incorporates Navajo values and processes.

Five: We will address facilities needs.

3. **Judicial Branch Directory**

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE OF THE COURTS

P.O. Box 520 Window Rock, AZ 86515

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF JUSTICE

(928) 871-7669 / FAX (928) 871-6866

JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATION

(928) 871-6762 / FAX (928) 871-6761

SPECIAL PROJECTS

(928) 871-6765 / FAX (928) 871-6761

FISCAL OFFICE

(928) 871-6900 / FAX (928) 871-6901

HUMAN RESOURCES

(928) 871-7023 / FAX (928) 871-6862

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

(928) 871-7019 / FAX (928) 871-6761

Herb Yazzie. Chief Justice

E-mail lindabitsoi@navajo-nsn.gov

Edward B. Martin, Director of Judicial Administration

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M. Teresa Hopkins, Director of Special Projects

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Jimmy Yellowhair, Fiscal Director

E-mail jimmyyellowhair@navajo-nsn.gov

Darren Tungovia, Director of Human Resources

E-mail dtungovia@navajo-nsn.gov

Ben Mariano, Information Technology Manager

E-mail benmariano@navajo-nsn.gov

NAVAJO NATION PROBATION SERVICES

P.O. Box 520 Window Rock, AZ 86515

Lucinda A. Yellowhair, Chief Probation Officer

NAVAJO NATION PEACEMAKING PROGRAM

P.O. Box 520 Window Rock, AZ 86515

Gloria Benally, Peacemaking Coordinator

SUPREME COURT OF THE NAVAJO NATION

P.O. Box 520

Window Rock, AZ 86515

Herb Yazzie. Chief Justice

Eleanor Shirley, Associate Justice

Telephone (928) 871-6388

Telephone (928) 871-6762 FAX (928) 871-6761

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Telephone (928) 871-6763

FAX (928) 871-7016

TUBA CITY JUDICIAL DISTRICT

P.O. Box 725

Tuba City, AZ 86045

Allen Sloan, Judge

Alice Huskie, Court Administrator

KAYENTA JUDICIAL DISTRICT

P.O. Box 2700

Kayenta, AZ 86033

Jennifer D. Benally, Judge

Lavonne K. Yazzie, Court Administrator

ANETH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

P.O. Box 320

Montezuma Creek, UT 84534

Irene S. Black, Judge

Susie L. Martin, Court Administrator

District/Family Court (928) 283-3140

FAX (928) 283-3158

E-mail allensloan@navajo-nsn.gov

E-mail alicehuskie@navajo-nsn.gov

District Court (928) 697-5549

Family Court (928) 697-5550

FAX (928) 697-5546

E-mail jenniferbenally@navajo-nsn.gov

E-mail lavonneyazzie@navajo-nsn.gov

Telephone (435) 651-3545

FAX (435) 651-3546

E-mail irenesblack@navajo-nsn.gov

E-mail <u>susielmartin@navajo-nsn.gov</u>

CHINLE JUDICIAL DISTRICT

P.O. Box 547 Chinle, AZ 86503

> Rudy I. Bedonie, Judge Cynthia Thompson, Judge Vanessa Mescal, Court Administrator

DZIL YIJIIN JUDICIAL DISTRICT

P.O. Box 129 Pinon, AZ 86510

> Victoria R. Yazzie, Judge Vanessa Mescal, Court Administrator

DILKON JUDICIAL DISTRICT

HC 63 Box I, P.O. Box 8202 Winslow, AZ 86047 Roy J. Tso, Jr., Judge Darlene LaFrance, Court Administrator

WINDOW ROCK JUDICIAL DISTRICT

P.O. Box 5520 Window Rock, AZ 86515

> Carol K. Perry, Judge Geraldine V. Benally, Judge Barbara Willeto, Court Administrator

SHIPROCK JUDICIAL DISTRICT

P.O. Box 1168 Shiprock, NM 87420

> Genevieve Woody, Judge Leonard Livingston, Judge Ethel S. Laughing, Court Administrator

CROWNPOINT JUDICIAL DISTRICT

P.O. Box 6 Crownpoint, NM 87313 Irene M. Toledo, Judge

Rena Thompson, Court Administrator

RAMAH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

P.O. Box 309
Ramah, NM 87321
Wilson Yellowhair, Judge
Esther Jose, Court Administrator

Alamo Court

ALAMO / TO'HAJIILEE JUDICIAL DISTRICT

P.O. Box 163 Magdalena, NM 87825 William J.J. Platero, Judge

Regina C. Begay-Roanhorse, Court Administrator

To'hajiilee Court P.O. Box 3101-A Canoncito, NM 87026

William J.J. Platero, Judge

Regina C. Begay-Roanhorse, Court Administrator

District Court (928) 674–2070/2071 Family Court (928) 674–2084

FAX (928) 674-2089

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District/Family Court (928) 675-2316

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District/Family Court (928) 657-8134

FAX (928) 657–8137 E-mail ritso@navajo-nsn.gov E-mail dvlafrance@navajo-nsn.gov

District Court (928) 871–6962/6984 Family Court (928) 871–6471/7562

FAX (928) 871-7560

E-mail <u>carolperry@navajo-nsn.gov</u>
E-mail <u>geraldinebenally@navajo-nsn.gov</u>
E-mail <u>barbarawilleto@navajo-nsn.gov</u>

District Court (505) 368-1270 Family Court (505) 368-1287

FAX (505) 368-1288

E-mail genevievewoody@navajo-nsn.gov E-mail leonardlivingston@navajo-nsn.gov E-mail ethellaughing@navajo-nsn.gov

District/Family Court (505) 786-2072

FAX (505) 786-2086

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Telephone (505) 775–3218 or 775–3512

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E-mail wilsonyellowhair@navajo-nsn.gov E-mail estherjose@navajo-nsn.gov

Telephone (575) 854-2668 or 854-2669

FAX (575) 854-2660

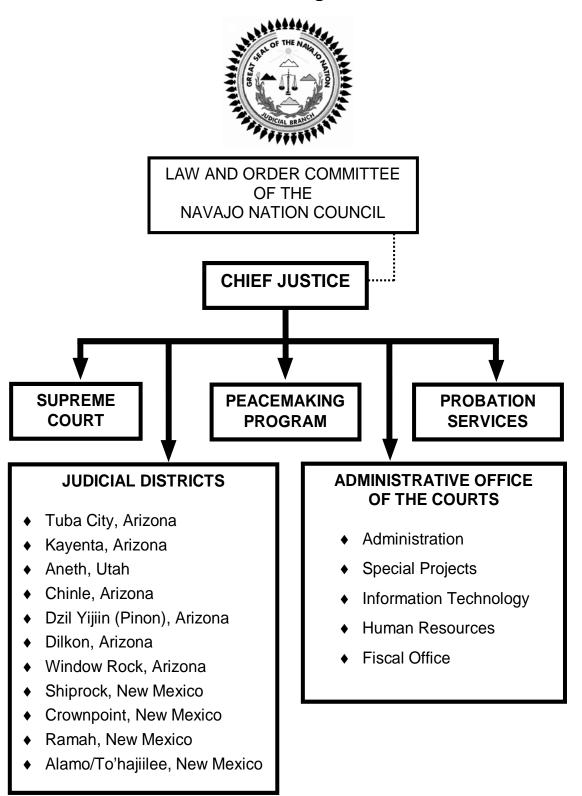
E-mail williamjplatero@navajo-nsn.gov E-mail reginaroanhorse@navajo-nsn.gov

Telephone (505) 908-2817 or 2818

FAX (505) 908-2819

E-mail <u>williamiplatero@navajo-nsn.gov</u> E-mail <u>reginaroanhorse@navajo-nsn.gov</u>

4. Judicial Branch Organizational Chart



5. Judicial Branch Reports

A. Supreme Court of the Navajo Nation

Civil Cases	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	TOTAL
Cases Filed	4	5	8	6	6	3	6	8	6	7	6	3	68
Cases Completed	4	1	9	9	1	4	3	9	7	8	8	3	66
Hearings Held	0	2	1	0	0	1	3	0	1	0	0	0	8
Opinions	1	0	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	10
Orders	9	5	10	15	16	8	13	18	19	14	9	6	142
Memo Decisions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	4
Criminal Cases	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	TOTAL
Cases Filed	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
Cases Completed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
Hearings Held	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Opinions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Orders	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
Memo Decisions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NNBA	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	TOTAL
Cases Filed	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	22
Cases Completed	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	21
Hearings Held	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	21
Opinions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Orders	0	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25
Memo Decisions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Special Proceedings	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	TOTAL
Cases Filed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cases Completed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hearings Held	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Opinions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Orders	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Memo Decisions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ANNUAL REVENUE / ACCOL	JNTING REC	CAP											
	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	TOTAL
Fines	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Phototcopying	\$41.25	\$2.70	\$0.00	\$104.00	\$3.85	\$9.80	\$0.00	\$120.00	\$35.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$316.60
Certifications	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Filings Fees	\$120.00	\$240.00	\$360.00	\$300.00	\$240.00	\$180.00	\$240.00	\$180.00	\$300.00	\$360.00	\$300.00	\$120.00	\$2,940.00
Postage	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Passport Fee	\$175.00	\$75.00	\$250.00	\$475.00	\$275.00	\$250.00	\$450.00		\$700.00	\$350.00	\$225.00	\$200.00	\$4,000.00
TOTAL	\$336.25	\$317.70	\$610.00	\$879.00	\$518.85	\$439.80	\$690.00		\$1,035.00	\$710.00	\$525.00	\$320.00	\$7,256.60
SALES OF NAVAJO REPORTE	:R												
-	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	TOTAL
Volume 1	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Volume 2	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Volume 3	\$0.00	\$45.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$45.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$90.00
Volume 4	\$0.00	\$45.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$45.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$90.00
Volume 5 (Sold by Diné Colle													\$0.00
Volume 6	0 ,	\$100.00	\$0.00	\$50.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$50.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$200.00
Volume 7		\$100.00	\$0.00	\$50.00		\$50.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$50.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$450.00
Volume 8 Tax & Shipping		\$100.00 \$15.60	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$100.00 \$21.00	\$200.00	\$100.00 \$20.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$50.00 \$25.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$650.00 \$138.60

U.S. PASSPORT APPLICATIONS

	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	TOTAL
Accepted and transmitted	6	3	10	19	10	10	19	24	26	21	9	8	165
for processing													
PRO BONO APPOINTMENTS													
	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	TOTAL
Tuba City / Kayenta	2	4	2	2	1	3	6	6	2	1	2	2	33
Shiprock / Crownpoint	3	2	1	5	3	3	3	4	1	1	3	2	31
Window Rock / Chinle	7	2	1	4	5	5	2	8	4	8	8	7	61
Ramah / Alamo / Tohajiilee	1	2	1	2	9	13	5	3	0	4	2	3	45
TOTAL	12	8	4	11	9	11	11	18	7	10	13	11	170

Opinions Issued

- 1. SC-CV-34-08, Rosenfelt & Buffington, P.A. v. Marlene Johnson, October 21, 2011;
- 2. SC-CV-56-11, Rivka Thomas-Pitman v. Navajo Nation, December 14, 2011;
- 3. SC-CV-55-11, Lynley Bitsie v. Delores Greyeyes, Director, Navajo Nation Dept. of Corrections, December 29, 2011;
- 4. SC-CV-41-10, <u>In the matter of the Quiet Title to Livestock Grazing Permit No. 8-487 formally held by Martha Francis; Dorothy Francis and Irene Price v. Jane M. Betsuie, Billy Francis and Stella Black, December 29, 2011;</u>
- 5. SC-CV-13-08, <u>The Navajo Nation v. RJN Construction Mgmt., Inc., Robert J. Nelson and the Home</u> for Women and Children, January 17, 2012;
- 6. SC-CV-63-11, <u>Victor Bowman v. Delores Greyeyes</u>, <u>Director</u>, <u>Navajo Nation Department of Corrections</u>, January 24, 2012;
- 7. SC-CV-04-12, Navajo Housing Authority v. John Dennison, April 20, 2012;
- 8. SC-CV-16-12, <u>In the Matter of: M.C., a minor, v. Delores Greyeyes, Director, Navajo Nation</u> Department of Corrections, July 12, 2012;
- 9. Sc-CV-34-12, Roger Baker, Jr., v. Delores Greyeyes Director, Navajo Nation Department of Corrections, August 24, 2012;
- 10. SC-CV-18-10, Navajo Housing Authority v. Daniels Johns, et al, September 10, 2012.

Oral Arguments

- 1. November 14, 2011, SC-CV-13-11, <u>The Navajo Nation v. RJN Construction Mgmt., Inc., Robert J. Nelson and the Home for Women and Children</u>, heard at Yale Law School, New Haven, Connecticut, before Chief Justice Herb Yazzie, Justice Eleanor Shirley, and Judge Wilson Yellowhair.
- 2. November 18, 2011, <u>In the Matter of the Admission to the Navajo Nation Bar Association, Inc. of (Twelve Members)</u>:

a.	SC-NB-54-11	Rodina Cole Cave	g.	SC-NB-61-11	James Nez
b.	SC-NB-55-11	Jason Martin Croxton	h.	SC-NB-62-11	Rebecca Niose
c.	SC-NB-56-11	Jamie J. Henio	i.	SC-NB-63-11	Roy J. Tso, Jr.
d.	SC-NB-57-11	Ameryn Kreiner	j.	SC-NB-64-11	Craig F. Wallace
e.	SC-NB-59-11	Arash Moalemi	k.	SC-NB-65-11	Naomi White
f.	SC-NB-60-11	Timothy Murphy	1.	SC-NB-66-11	Lola TaNeil Wood

- 3. November 22, 2011, SC-CV-55-11, <u>Lynley Bitsie v. Navajo Nation Department of Corrections</u>, heard in Window Rock, Arizona, before Chief Justice Herb Yazzie, Justice Eleanor Shirley and Judge LaVerne Johnson.
- 4. December 21, 2011, SC-CV-65-11, <u>In the Matter of R.S., Minor, v. Delores Greyeyes, Department of Corrections</u>, heard in Window Rock, Arizona, before Chief Justice Herb Yazzie, Justice Eleanor Shirley, and Judge William Platero.
- March 1, 2012, SC-CV-12-12, <u>Ronald L. Cecil v. Delores Greyeyes</u>, <u>Director</u>, <u>Navajo Nation Department of Corrections</u>, heard in Window Rock, Arizona, before Chief Justice Herb Yazzie, Justice Eleanor Shirley, and Judge Wilson Yellowhair.
- April 26, 2012, SC-CV-17-12, <u>Nathan Etsitty</u>, <u>Jr.</u>, <u>v. Delores Greyeyes</u>, <u>Director</u>, <u>Navajo Nation</u>
 <u>Department of Corrections</u>, heard in Window Rock, Arizona, before Chief Justice Herb Yazzie, Justice Eleanor Shirley, and Judge Rudy Bedonie.

- 7. May 31, 2012, <u>In the Matter of the Admission to the Navajo Nation Bar Association</u>, <u>Inc.</u>, <u>of Nine Members</u>:
 - SC-NB-1-12 a. Jenny J. Dumas f. SC-NB-6-12 T. Ryan Lane SC-NB-2-12 Antoinette T. Flora SC-NB-7-12 Varvara Phillips b. g. Ryson Yazzie Mica Roylynn Gilmore c. SC-NB-3-12 h. SC-NB-8-12 SC-NB-4-12 d. Sovereign C. Hager i. SC-NB-9-12 Daniel Abeyta
- 8. June 28, 2012, SC-CV-34-12, <u>Roger Baker, Jr., v. Delores Greyeyes, Director, Navajo Nation Department of Corrections</u>, heard in Window Rock, Arizona, before Chief Justice Herb Yazzie, Justice Eleanor Shirley, and Judge Allen Sloan.

Significant Accomplishments by Supreme Court Justices

Aaron M. Hall

SC-NB-5-12

e.

<u>Collaboration with NNBA</u>. On October 10, 2011, and November 10, 2011, Chief Justice Herb Yazzie, Associate Justice Eleanor Shirley, and law clerk LaVerne Garnenez participated in discussions with the Navajo Nation Bar Association on the draft protocol for Adoption of Rules of Procedure and Evidence in Navajo Nation Courts, amending the Pro Bono Rules, proposed changes to the Rules of Appellate Procedure, and a possible court/judicial forum.

Interview with KNAU Arizona Public Radio on Qualifications of Navajo Judges. On October 13, 2011, in an interview with KNAU Arizona Public Radio on an impending Navajo Nation Council vote on rule changes that would affect qualifications of justices, Chief Justice Herb Yazzie emphasized that, it is important that judges be well versed in the Navajo language and culture which is the basis of the tribal legal system. "Through my experience, and other native lawyers will tell you, law schools teach only the American perspective of law," he said. Shiprock council delegate Russell Begaye said that a legal system with law-school trained judges and less reliance on fundamental Diné law would attract more businesses to the reservation. However, Matthew Fletcher, an Indian law professor at Michigan State and director of MSU's Indigenous Law and Policy Center, told KNAU that the Navajo Supreme Court is actually known for its fairness to outside businesses. "They write and justify every decision they make," he said, "You could teach a whole class just on Navajo Supreme Court decisions. They are the leaders when it comes to appellate decisions."

<u>Permanent Appointment</u>. Pursuant to Navajo Nation law at 7 N.N.C., §355, Associate Justice Eleanor Shirley was confirmed as a permanent Associate Justice of the Navajo Nation Supreme Court on October 19, 2011. Window Rock District Court Judge Carol Perry administered the oath of office to Justice Shirley after the Navajo Nation Council passed the legislation.

Attendance at Federal Court Hearing. On October 30, 2011, Chief Justice Yazzie attended a federal court hearing in Phoenix, Arizona, on a matter involving a non-Navajo corporation's challenge to Navajo Nation jurisdiction. The matter, *EXC*, et al v. Kayenta District Court and Concerning Jensen, et al., was originally heard by the Navajo Nation Supreme Court where the Court denied the petitioner's application for a writ of prohibition preventing the Kayenta District Court from hearing a negligence claim filed by Navajo family members against a non-member individual and non-member business entity conducting a tour business on the Navajo Nation. The claim arose from a 2010 accident involving a non-Navajo tour bus on a highway outside Kayenta in which a Navajo father and fetus were killed.

Navajo Nation Supreme Court Oral Argument at Yale Law School. On November 12-14, 2011, Chief Justice Herb Yazzie, Associate Justice Eleanor Shirley, Associate Justice by Appointment Wilson Yellowhair, and Supreme Court staff traveled to Yale Law School in New Haven, Connecticut, to hear oral argument in Navajo Nation v. RJN Construction Management, Inc., Robert J. Nelson and the Home for Women and Children. The case focused on one of the most nuanced and contentious issues American Indian governments face: ownership of Indian land held in trust by the federal government. It also addressed the complex interplay between the community's use of reservation land and business interests. The event was sponsored by the Yale Law School Dean's Office, Office of Student Affairs, Native

American Law Students Association, and Asian Pacific American Law Students Association, with support from the Oscar M. Ruebhausen Fund at Yale Law School.

<u>Court Services at Pueblo Pintado</u>. In January 2012, Chief Justice Yazzie met with Pueblo Pintado and surrounding chapter officials on establishing court services and identifying a land site in the community for placement of a judicial building to provide court services. Chief Justice Yazzie followed up this meeting by attending a chapter planning meeting in February 2012 to provide updated information.

FY2012 P.L. 93-638 Annual Funding Agreement. In March 2012, Chief Justice Yazzie and staff of the Administrative Offices of the Courts met with BIA–Navajo Region officials in Gallup, New Mexico, to negotiate revisions of the FY2012 P.L. 93-638 Annual Funding Agreement. The negotiation resulted in major issues unresolved as the BIA failed to provide funding calculation information to the Judicial Branch. The Judicial Branch made it known to the BIA that it should be responsible for funding the operations and maintenance of new court facilities at Dilkon, Crownpoint, and Tuba City, as well as funding the construction of court facilities at Pinon, Arizona, and Pueblo Pintado, New Mexico.

<u>Supreme Court Access Road and Parking Lot</u>. Chief Justice Yazzie and Associate Justice Eleanor Shirley participated in Agency Road Committee meetings in Shiprock, New Mexico, and Kayenta, Arizona. The justices gave presentations to the Committee regarding the Supreme Court Complex access road and parking lot needs that should be included in the TTIP for funding from the Indian Reservation Roads Funds. The justices were successful in obtaining resolutions from the Committee in support of the project.

<u>Judicial Branch FY2013 General Funds Budget</u>. In May 2012, Chief Justice Yazzie met with court administrators and executive staff on the Fiscal Year 2013 General Fund budgets and to properly plan use limited funds, consider eliminating, reclassifying, and creating new positions, and restructure delivery of services. In August 2012, the Law and Order Committee of the Navajo Nation Council conducted oversight committee meetings with all Navajo Nation Judicial Branch business units on the FY2013 General Fund budgets.

Navajo Peacemaking. On June 26, 2012, Chief Justice Yazzie met with legislative affairs director Collette L. Altaha, vice-chairman Timothy Hinton, and tribal attorneys in Whiteriver, Arizona, on the Navajo Nation Peacemaking Program. Chief Justice Yazzie told the group that, in 1982, the Navajo Peacemaker Court was created by Navajo judges by vote of the judicial conference. The judges wanted to find an alternative to Anglo-American judicial methods, an alternative that had roots in Navajo common law and used Diné wisdoms, methods, and customs in resolving disputes.

<u>Pinon Justice Center</u>. On April 9, 2012, Chief Justice Yazzie, Associate Justice Eleanor Shirley, and law clerk LaVerne Garnenez met with VCBO Architecture regarding the Pinon Justice Center. Discussions focused on floor plans, getting chapter and BIA approval on land/site, soil testing, obtaining permits for utilities, availability of water, sewer, and electric at the site, etc. Also in attendance were Brent Tippets, Phil Haderlie from AIA, Flora Ortega from VCBO, Richard Gilbert from ArcSitio Design, Inc., Gloria Benally and Edward Martin from Navajo Nation Judicial Branch, and J. Scott House and Ed Preston from Navajo Nation Design and Engineering Services.

New Judicial District. The Law and Order Committee approved legislation sponsored by Dwight Witherspoon on May 29, 2012, to establish the Dził Yijiin Judicial District. The new judicial district will be the eleventh judicial district of the Navajo Nation. The new judicial district will be located at Pinon, Arizona, and will serve Black Mesa, Blue Gap-Tachee, Forest Lake, Hardrock, Low Mountain, Pinon and Whippoorwill chapters. These chapters were a part of the Chinle Judicial District. The Judicial Branch has worked with the communities in order to bring judicial services to the area. Because of the lack of services, a judge and a court clerk from Chinle Judicial District used to travel to Pinon once a month for the past few years to hold hearings for juveniles there. This will improve the government's capabilities for enhancing service delivery to this region which is isolated and in desperate need of improved services. Pinon Chapter and the other chapters in the new district continued to seek funds for the construction of a judicial complex to be located in Pinon. The Judicial Branch fully supports this effort. A district court judge for the new judicial district is now being sought.

Navajo Nation Supreme Court Judicial Complex. Throughout the year, the Supreme Court, AOC, and Peacemaking staff met with VCBO Architecture of Salt Lake City, Utah. VCBO was selected as the architect to design the proposed Supreme Court Judicial Complex. VCBO presented two options for finishes for the building interiors, i.e., carpet, tile, counter tops, and glass tile accents. Option 1 was earth tone colors. Option 2 was based on Navajo traditional sacred mountain colors and the possibility of having a slightly different color palette for each of the three buildings. The group agreed that option 2 would work best

Navajo Nation Integrated Justice Information Sharing Project (NNIJISP). The Navajo Nation Integrated Justice Information Sharing Program (NNIJISP) began in 2007 as an initiative of the Judicial Branch in partnership with the Division of Public Safety, Office of Public Defender, and Office of the Chief Prosecutor. Its start-up and implementation funding has been primarily through external grants, thus far in the amount of \$1,249,707, from federal grants and sub-grants through Arizona, Utah, and New Mexico. It should be noted that the Judicial Branch has been in compliance with all grants and has had a 99% expenditure level whereby less than 1% of funding has reverted back to the funding agency. The funding has gone to purchase servers and other equipment, shore up obsolete wiring and connectivity, pay for the first two years of a NNIJISP project manager, pay for travel and training, and pay for a substantial portion of an automated case management system in the judicial districts, Supreme Court, probation, peacemaking, prosecutors, and public defenders. Funds have also gone toward equipment and supply purchase and training for the Division of Public Safety, which is a NNIJISP partner, for purposes of implementing information exchanges between criminal justice entities.

The Judicial Branch, on behalf of NNIJISP, has aggressively gone after the above external grants. However, the amounts received, while substantial, is insufficient, and fixed cost funding has been allocated by the Navajo Nation Council since FY2009 to supplement these funds. Given the connectivity, equipment, and training issues, without fixed cost funding, NNIJISP could not have proceeded. Fixed cost funding is needed in the future in order for NNIJISP to be sustained, even as the Judicial Branch continued to seek external supplemental funds.

New Dawn Technologies was selected by the NNIJISP Technology Oversight Committee (TOC) on September 11, 2009, to supply an integrated case management system for the courts, probation, peacemaking, prosecutor, and public defender in the Shiprock Police and Judicial District on a Proof of Concept basis. In 2013, the system went "live" in Shiprock, Chinle, Crownpoint, Pueblo Pintado, Window Rock, Tuba City, Kayenta, Dilkon, Aneth, Dził Yijiin and the Supreme Court. Only the districts of To'hajiilee, Alamo, and Ramah remain. The prosecutors also went "live" in Shiprock, Dilkon, Chinle, Tuba City, and Kayenta. The public defender and peacemaking will go live in 2014. There are 190 users inputting data into Justware.

This process has taken approximately six years. The Navajo Nation has invested both human and financial resources to this initiative. To continue to maximize this technology and ensure its continued success, funding at an adequate level must be a priority. Normally, implementation of a case management system in any judicial or justice system would cost upward of \$5 million. This system chosen by the NNIJISP enables a great deal to be done in-house. Efforts were made to keep costs low by shouldering a great deal of the implementation in-house as the project progresses forward with less reliance on an external contractor

NNIJISP is relying heavily on technology as an innovative way to improve the justice communities' efficiency while preserving and enhancing the performance of its mission. On a daily basis, there is a continual threat of proposed budget cuts that will affect both external and general funds. A goal of the NNIJISP is to invest in technology to increase productivity and reduce costs.

Significant accomplishments by judicial liaison officer Karen Francis

Grant Applications. The judicial liaison officer assisted in the grant application process for the Coordinated Tribal Application Solicitation and the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant. She handcarried documents for each grant through the Signature Approval Sheet process in accordance with 2 N.N.C. §164. She attended the interbranch close out meeting for the CTAS application. She also collaborated with the associate attorney and the Fiscal Office to submit the final close out report for the Nábináhaazláago Initiative grant from the U.S. Department of Justice.

<u>2012</u> <u>Justice Days</u>. The judicial liaison officer attended 2012 Justice Day celebrations in Chinle, Arizona, on April 27, 2012, and in To'hajiilee, New Mexico, on April 18, 2012. At both events, she took photographs for the quarterly Judicial Branch newsletter.

<u>Media and Public Relations</u>. The judicial liaison officer answered questions from the media as requested and submitted columns by the Chief Justice on issues important to the Judicial Branch to the Navajo Times newspaper for publication. She also collaborated with staff to send out press releases and important announcements from the branch. The judicial liaison officer and the associate attorney also updated the www.navajocourts.org website as necessary. The judicial liaison officer also collaborated with relevant staff members to answer questions from the public and release the quarterly newsletter.

<u>Navajo Nation Building Summit.</u> The judicial liaison officer participated in the Navajo Nation Building Summit, August 22-24, 2012, in Tsaile, Arizona, where she presented a request from the Judicial Branch for a Supreme Court facility.

B. Judicial Districts of the Navajo Nation

Tuba City Judicial District

<u>Justice Day</u>. The Tuba City Judicial District hosted its 2012 Justice Day with an open house and a luncheon. Over 800 students and general public who attended the event had the opportunity to meet the judge and visit the courtroom without the formalities of court hearings. There were presentations on the justice symbols, why Lady Justice is blindfolded, and the meaning of the justice scale. The court staff explained courtroom rules, the different types of hearings held by the family and district courts, and the types of cases referred to probation or peacemaking. The turnout was excellent.

<u>Navajo Nation Sexual Offenders Registry.</u> Staff attorney Tina Tsinigine served on the Navajo Nation Sexual Offenders Registry Task Force. The task force worked on amendments to the Navajo Nation Code to be in compliance with the Adam Walsh Act. The group finalized and presented proposed legislation to the Navajo Nation Council; full implementation of the Act is expected by December 2012. Task force members also worked on policies and procedures, provided community education, and established an online register.

<u>Public Training</u>. Throughout the year, staff attorney Tina Tsinigine provided pro se trainings on various topics, i.e., dissolution of marriage, common law, declaration of a traditional marriage, paternity, child visitation/custody, child support, correction of record, declaration of name, how to answer a petition, modification, name change, guardianship of a minor/adult, probate, and quiet title. Pro se trainings are provided for individuals who wish to file pro se packets with the court. These individuals are required to attend so they are aware of what the law requires and their duties and responsibilities as to representing themselves in court.

<u>Criminal Justice Summit</u>. The Tuba City Judicial District sponsored six criminal justice summit meetings in FY2012. Judge Allen Sloan facilitated the meetings with coordination and assistance from staff attorney Tina Tsinigine, court administrator Alice Huskie, and office technician Orlando Sam. The core group consists of law enforcement, corrections, prosecutors, courts, and local service providers that have an interest in delivery of services by the justice system. With collaborative efforts, the group hopes to continue work to identify ways to share and streamline existing processes to better serve the community.

Joint Meeting with Coconino County Probation. Staff attorney Tina Tsinigine, court administrator Alice Huskie, chief probation officer Lucinda Yellowhair, and probation officer Tom McCrary met with staff of Coconino County Probation in Flagstaff, Arizona, to identify ways to assist one another in dealing with probationers that fall between the two jurisdictions—the Navajo Nation and Coconino County. Court administrator Gary Kremarik with the Coconino Superior Court facilitated the meeting. Other participants included district county supervisor Lena Fowler, juvenile court director Bryon Matsuda, and adult probation chief Cindy Winn. The group also identified some common grounds and points of contacts.

Coconino County Legal Education Task Force. Staff attorney Tina Tsinigine and court administrator Alice Huskie served on the task force for the Coconino County Legal Education. District county supervisor Lena Fowler served as the coordinator. The task force's initiatives included (1) providing legal education to the Navajo people, (2) holding select county court hearings in Tuba City with state judges presiding over the cases, and (3) having attorneys that serve on the task force provide education on the Arizona and Navajo justice systems for residents of Tuba City.

Page Regional Domestic Violence Services (PRDVS). Emergency Mobile Response team manager Patricia Collins attended Tuba City Court domestic violence hearings to assist victims of domestic violence. The program focused on creating and maintaining a multi-agency collaborative effort in dealing with immediate response to victims of domestic violence. PRDVS is a federally-funded program with the State of Arizona and its executive director is Katherine Reusing. The program extended its service area to include Tuba City due to the high number of victims that seek services and referrals. The group is working on establishing an office in Tuba City.

<u>Meeting on Truancy Protocols</u>. Staff attorney Tina Tsinigine, court administrator Alice Huskie, peacemaker liaison Harry Begay, and probation officers Tom McCrary, Eva Sam and Dolores Aguirre held numerous meetings with Division of Social Services, school officials, and prosecutor Craig Wallace to establish protocols for school referrals for truancies.

Kayenta Judicial District

The Kayenta Judicial District staff earned an average of 32 hours of continued legal education training throughout the year on various topics, i.e., Alchini Bi Beehazanni Act (ABBA), the Vulnerable Adult Protection Act, the Navajo Nation Violence Against Family Act, customer service, case management and, unauthorized practice of law and working with litigants. The classes gave the district staff opportunity to enhance and foster their professionalism in public contact and in providing judicial services.

Judge Jennifer Benally and staff attorney Malcolm Benally successfully earned 11 hours of continued legal education toward their 2012 NNBA licensing requirement. All legal courses were fulfilled during the 2012 Navajo Nation Bar Association Annual Conference in Isleta, New Mexico.

Probation officer Andy Harrison successfully completed a four-week comprehensive "Basic Tribal Probation Academy" at Fox Valley Technical College in Shelton, Washington. The training provided an opportunity to obtain updated information and critical skills needed for effective case management, officer safety, and career development.

Court administrator Lavonne K. Yazzie and office technician Regina Jones successfully assisted the Judicial Branch compliance auditor in finalizing revisions to the financial reporting forms and accounting codes. The forms allowed for automation of financial data and performing minimal desk audits to verify calculations, account classification, and trend analysis.

The Kayenta Judicial District showcased its successful 2012 Annual Justice Day with focus on public education and community awareness on judicial services on April 5, 2012. Major features were educational legal information, service provider information booths, and a free luncheon for all participants.

The Kayenta Judicial District received installation of the new Justware court software program on August 20, 2012, as part of the Navajo Nation Integrated Justice Information Sharing Project. In preparation for the conversion, all district staff actively participated in numerous configuration work sessions, Microsoft Outlook, and user training.

Peacemaker liaison Chester J. Stanley and two district peacemakers obtained certification for successfully completing the "Traditional Counseling Certification Training Program," a Navajo Peacemaking and Youth Apprentice Project grant-funded training and certification for district peacemakers to address youth truancy, bullying, alcoholism and substance abuse issues with traditional counseling methods.

The district administration and probation officers met with Bitco-Kitchell Construction Company to discuss a proposal to refer qualified probation clients for job opportunities during the construction of the Kayenta Navajo Nation Detention Center as part of rehabilitation services.

Aneth Judicial District

The Aneth District court staff received six hours of in-service training related to fundamental law/traditional education. The staff learned about the significance of Navajo rug weaving. Each staff received weaving instruments, assembled his/her loom, and proceeded to the actual weaving of a rug. During the course of assembling the loom and weaving, the instructors shared traditional stories and teachings. The training was provided by Judge Irene S. Black and her mother, Patty Benally, of Chilchinbeto, Arizona.

Judge Irene S. Black participated in the National Association of Women Judges 33rd Annual Conference in Newark, New Jersey. Rutger Law School-Newark hosted sessions focused on promoting global equality for women through law. Seton Hall School of Law also hosted several sessions, including urban revitalization, prisoner reentry, cross-cultures in court, and domestic violence, to name but a few.

The Aneth Judicial District staff participated in the Judicial Branch 2011 Annual Conference at the Wildhorse Pass Casino and Resort in Chandler, Arizona. Judicial Branch employees attended breakout sessions of their choice. During one of the general sessions, Judge Irene S. Black, staff attorney Glen Renner, and court administrator Susie Martin presented on the progress and significance of the Aneth Community Court Pilot Project.

The Aneth Judicial District held community court steering committee meetings. Meeting topics included finalizing the resource coordinator job description, preparing interview questions, and reviewing/finalizing the community court procedures manual. All steering committee members actively participated with the exception of Navajo Nation Department of Law Enforcement and Department of Corrections. The Red Mesa Department of Behavioral Health Services hosted a meeting and was active in the development of the project. There was also active participation by Navajo Nation Office of the Prosecutor, Office of Public Defender, Division of Social Services, Navajo Nation Probation/Parole Services, and Peacemaking Program.

Students from the local junior high school toured the Aneth District Court and observed criminal arraignments as part of the school's Student Education Occupation Planning (SEOP) program. The SEOP program encourages students to establish career options while still in junior high school. Participating students expressed interest in the criminal justice field.

Aneth Judicial District held its first pro sé workshop on February 24, 2012, followed by a second class on March 30, 2012. The workshops helped educate participants on the process of filing petitions and explained various pro sé petitions available at the court.

Judge Irene S. Black, staff attorney Glen Renner, probation officer Bettina Norton, and peacemaker liaison Stanley Nez met with Whitehorse High School counseling staff at Montezuma Creek, Utah, to address school truancy concerns.

The Aneth Judicial District met with Aneth Chapter officials to renew the court building and land site use agreement. The two entities agreed to continue court services in its present site indefinitely or until a permanent site is identified and a new court building is constructed.

The Aneth Judicial District combined its annual Justice Day with the Aneth Chapter House's ribbon cutting for the new Navajo Nation Department of Transportation bus route in the Aneth region. The district court hosted an open house with educational information on pro-se clinic to the public. Local resources set up information booths and the public was served lunch at noon.

In the fourth quarter of FY2012, the Aneth Judicial District converted from the CMS case management system to the Justware application. The new software equips the Navajo Nation district courts with network capabilities across the various judicial districts. It further enables the courts to provide a more detailed statistics to better track cases and case accounting. Aneth Judicial District also is now using a more efficient broadband network system by replacing its high speed DSL to the faster Metro Ethernet bandwidth.

Chinle Judicial District

<u>Chinle Project Team.</u> The Chinle Project Team, consisting of Chinle courts, law enforcement, corrections, and project manager Arcadis, addressed issues and provided updates on the construction of the Chinle judicial and public safety buildings. The group is awaiting transfer of land between the BIA and Navajo Nation. Plans are to seek funds to construct all three buildings all at once instead of in phases.

<u>Pinon Court Expansion Project.</u> Members of the Dził Lizhiin Regional Committee met with service providers in the Chinle Judicial District to hear concerns and obtain comments regarding the establishment of a new judicial district to serve Pinon and surrounding communities. The majority of the chapters verbally agreed to the expansion and gave written approval to the Chief Justice of the Navajo Nation. Tselani Chapter is the only chapter in the vicinity that passed a resolution stating that they would remain under the Chinle Judicial District.

<u>Dził Yijiin Regional Council</u>. The court administrator attended numerous meetings regarding development of the Dził Yijiin Judicial District. Community members requested that people from within the community be given priority in filling positions as a result of the creation of the court. Interested service providers provided information on their respective programs and how they assist in developing skills for potential positions in the courts, law enforcement, and corrections.

<u>Indian Health Services Mental Health</u>. Judge Cynthia Thompson and staff attorney Rodgerick Begay facilitated meetings with IHS psychologists and staff on how evaluations, assessments, and reports on mental health patients can be processed through the Navajo courts expeditiously. Service provider tasks and responsibilities were detailed to allow efficient services to clients.

<u>Peacemaking Certification Ceremony</u>. The Chinle court staff assisted the Chinle peacemaker liaison in hosting a ceremony for all peacemakers and peacemaker liaisons that completed the lengthy training process for counseling.

<u>Chinle 2012 Justice Day.</u> The Chinle Judicial District celebrated its 2013 Justice Day with an open house and served lunch to the public. Various local resources and the public were invited to be part of the celebration. Service providers set up booths to share information about services provided by their respective departments. The district was complimented on the amount of information provided to the public on the Navajo court system as well as service providers within the system.

<u>Save Our School Project</u>. Judge Cynthia Thompson was actively involved with local schools and provided several presentations to students and parents. She participated in the planning process for the Save Our School Conference for students and parents in July 2012.

<u>Dził Yijiin Regional Council</u>. The Chinle court administrator worked closely with the Dził Yijiin Regional Council to establish a court in Pinon, Arizona. The Law & Order Committee of the Navajo Nation Council with sponsor, Dwight Witherspoon, approved legislation to create the Dził Yijiin Judicial District on May 29, 2012.

<u>JustWare Go-Live</u>. The Chinle Judicial District implemented the new case management application, Justware, as scheduled. Prior to going live, the staff had a week-long training for all court clerks. The court clerks reported that the new application is much easier to use. The assigned SMEs continued to assist the court clerks as needed.

<u>Supreme Court Case</u>. Judge Cynthia Thompson was assigned a case with the Navajo Nation Supreme Court. She and staff attorney Rodgerick Begay participated in discussions regarding the case with Chief Justice Herb Yazzie and Justice Eleanor Shirley.

<u>Teen Pregnancy Conference</u>. Judge Cynthia Thompson was invited by school counselors and administrators to provide information to teen moms about motherhood and encouraged them to stay in school during the Teen Pregnancy Conference in Pinon, Arizona.

Dził Yijiin Judicial District

New Dził Yijiin Judicial District. The Law and Order Committee of the Navajo Nation Council approved legislation on May 29, 2012, to create the Dził Yijiin Judicial District in Pinon, Arizona. The new judicial district will provide court services to Black Mesa, Blue Gap-Tachee, Forest Lake, Hardrock, Low Mountain, Pinon and Whippoorwill Chapters.

<u>Court Operations</u>. The Dził Yijiin Judicial District officially began operations on June 4, 2012, from a hogan located east of the Pinon chapter house. The Chinle court administrator and a court clerk arranged the office space so services could be provided to the general public. Court filings were forwarded to Judge Cynthia Thompson for review and processing.

<u>Court Site</u>. The Pinon Community School approved space on the west side of the school between two student residential halls to temporarily house the new court. The Pinon Unified School District and Pinon Community School administrators and chapter officials have been very helpful in assisting with setting up of office space.

<u>Court Staff and Services</u>. Two court clerks were temporarily assigned to Dził Yijiin Judicial District to assist one staff member. Court hearings are being scheduled and heard in Pinon, and staff have been informing the public about the new court and its location. The majority of the community members were not aware of the new court, but, they are delighted to have a court nearby and not have to travel a long distance to Chinle, Arizona.

Dilkon Judicial District

Continual staff development is one of Dilkon Judicial District's goal .Peacemaker Sylvia Jackson presented on "Diné Winter Stories" and "Basic Teachings of Diné Parenting and Family Development." In addition, team building exercises were conducted by court administrator Darlene LaFrance and staff attorney Jordan Hale to enhance staff morale and working relationships. The staff received training on Alchini Bi Beehazanni Act (ABBA), the Navajo Nation Children's Code, sexual harassment, and communicable diseases and prevention.

The staff of Dilkon Judicial District attended the Judicial Branch 2011 Annual Conference at the Wild Horse Casino and Resort in Chandler, Arizona, on November 2-4, 2011. The conference was deemed a success; the staff enjoyed beneficial presentations and training for the overall judicial districts of the Navajo Nation.

On November 27-30, 2011, court bailiffs Alvin Bahe and Ronovan Begay successfully completed the "Court Security" training in Las Vegas, Nevada, and received certificates of attendance. The training was sponsored by the Public Agency Training Council.

The Peacemaking Program staff held various stages of counseling trainings. On February 17, 2012, a ceremony was held to certify peacemaker liaisons and peacemakers who completed the traditional counseling certification program. Dilkon peacemaker liaison Marie Denetdeal was among those recognized.

On April 2, 2012, Dilkon Judicial District hosted its 2012 Justice Day for the community with an open house, refreshments, tours of the court building, and a fun walk. Local service providers displayed booths to enhance community awareness.

Phase II of the Dilkon Justice Center Project is in progress. This includes plans for construction of law enforcement and corrections facilities. Meetings were held May 7, 2012, and June 19-20, 2012. The district is looking forward to successful completion of this project.

The Dilkon Judicial District implemented the new Justware data application with New Dawn Technologies. The enhancement and merging process went "live" on August 20, 2012. The production was interesting and the staff is looking forward to the new beginning of a brighter technology for the Judicial Branch.

Court administrator Darlene LaFrance and court clerk Tanya Chiquito were designated as System Management Experts (SMEs) for the new Justware data application. They conducted training on the document flow and procedures with the new data system with the court clerks.

Window Rock Judicial District

Peacemaker liaison Elaine Henderson met with a delegation from the Curyung, Dina'ina Athabascan and Tlingit & Haida Indian tribes of Alaska regarding implementation of a program modeled after Navajo peacemaking.

Peacemaker liaison Elaine Henderson received traditional counseling certification from the Diné Hataalii Association; and participated in sessions related to traditional clanship teachings, yiniil, and learning to be the best father you can be during the "Saving Our Children Conference".

Peacemaker liaison Elaine Henderson hosted the monthly peacemaker liaison meetings with discussions focusing on planning of the peacemaking conference, plan of operation, and new fiscal year projects.

Peacemaker liaison Elaine Henderson set up an information booth and provided information and answered questions related to peacemaking and cultural knowledge (clanship) during the "Developing Growing Through Early Literacy Conference" at the Navajo Nation Museum. The free training for parents was sponsored by the Navajo Nation Growing in Beauty & Navajo Nation Office of Special Education and Rehabilitation Services (OSERS).

Staff of the Window Rock Judicial District worked with AOC in facilitating a meeting with U.S. Department of Justice Bureau of Justice Assistance Director Denise O'Donnell.

The court administrator met with Navajo Mid-School teacher Judito P. Camacho and his students regarding court proceeding observations for student projects.

The Window Rock Judicial District celebrated its 2013 Justice Day with a cook out, fun walk, and open house. Information booths were set up by various Navajo Nation departments/programs, including probation and peacemaking services.

Judge Carol Perry facilitated a bench and bar meeting at the Window Rock District Court.

Judge Thomas Holgate hosted a criminal justice meeting in the Window Rock district courtroom for NNBA members, DNA attorneys, and court staff.

Thomas Zlamal interned for the Window Rock Judicial District. He worked with Judge T.J. Holgate and staff attorney Novaline Wilson in performing case research.

Four court clerks and one probation officer attended the 20th Annual Four Corners Indian Country Conference in Pojoaque, New Mexico.

Judge Carol Perry and court clerks Doris Tsosie and Corina Begay attended the Fort Defiance chapter planning meeting regarding land withdrawal for the proposed judicial/public safety building. On September 4, 2012, they met with chapter officials and DPS representatives to obtain a support resolution to withdraw 25 acres of land for a new court/police and detention facility. The chapter approved withdrawal of 25 acres of land in Fort Defiance, Arizona.

The Window Rock Judicial District vacated all orders in Navajo Nation v. Alice W. Benally, et al (WR-CV-218-11) regarding closure of Administration Building 1 in Window Rock, Arizona.

Court administrator Barbara Willeto and court clerks Tabitha Herrera and Leslita Slivers participated in the 2012 Justware Conference in Logan, Utah.

Shiprock Judicial District

The Shiprock Judicial District successfully transitioned to the new court case management system. June 27, 2012, marked the one-year anniversary since the new Shiprock Judicial District records management system was rolled out. September 26, 2012, marked the one-year anniversary for the Shiprock Probation Services' records management system roll out. December 20, 2012, marked the one-year anniversary since the new peacemaking records management system was rolled out.

Throughout the fiscal year, the Shiprock court personnel provided training to end users during the go-live Justware application roll outs in Aneth, Chinle, Dilkon, Kayenta, Tuba City, Crownpoint, and Window Rock Judicial Districts. Training included criminal, traffic criminal/civil, family civil, district civil/small claims, peacemaking, probation case management processing, financials management, and case statistics reports.

The Shiprock Judicial District personnel participated in the 2011 Judicial Branch Annual Conference at the Wildhorse Pass Casino and Resort in Chandler, Arizona. District court personnel received two and half days of training in areas of specific duties and responsibilities of their jobs, employee benefits and retirement, sexual harassment, traditional teachings and games, and updates on projects.

The Shiprock Judicial District received new Dell desktop computers and Dell docking work station during the first quarter fiscal year 2012. The court clerks and office support staff received Dell desktop computers; judges, staff attorneys, court administrators, probation officers and peacemaking traditional program specialists received Dell docking work station. The new computers will further enhance the technology in the work environment in addition to the new court records management system.

The Shiprock Judicial/Public Safety Complex committee met on a quarterly basis and held briefings when necessary. Survey certifications were finalized and the documents were forwarded to the Navajo Nation Project Review Section of the Navajo Land Office in Window Rock. The task force received an official letter requesting further process and approval. The package was prepared for the Signature Approval Process and submitted. The task force is focusing on funding for demolition of the building currently located on the land and project planning of a new facility.

The Shiprock Probation Services is slated to receive a new modular building soon when the weather improves. During FY2012 fourth quarter, the court administrator and office technician contributed support in processing the commercial service application for the new modular building and making preparation for the delivery. The Navajo Tribal Utility Authority (NTUA) has relocated utility poles in preparation for set up.

The Shiprock Peacemaking Program successfully certified the peacemaker liaison and two peacemakers as traditional counselors. The traditional counselor certification ceremony was held in February 2012. Dr. Anthony Lee, President of the Diné Hataalii Association, and members of the association performed the ceremony.

In FY2012, the Shiprock Judicial District docketed 5,072 cases year, brought forward 4,002 cases from fiscal year 2011, and closed 5,042 cases. A total of 4,032 cases remain pending and will be carried into FY2013.

Three district probation officers completed two sessions of the Tribal Probation Academy. Week one (held June 11 - 15, 2012) included criminal justice system, supervision plans, report writing, communication, and screening/assessment. Week two (held June 25 - 29, 2012) included strength-based program, restorative justice practices, motivational interviewing, adolescent development and the importance of connecting with families of the offender/juvenile in creating a supervision plan, and standards of ethical conduct of probation officers. Two more sessions will be held in FY2013.

Crownpoint Judicial District

The following cases were scanned this fiscal year:

Case Type	# of cases from 2000 to 2011	# of cases scanned
Family Court	14,610	4,801
Traffic	29,316	13,048
Civil	2,945	455
Criminal	24,201	18,649

The following in-service trainings were held for court staff:

- Navajo Nation Children's Code aka Álchíní Bi Beehaz'áanii Act of 2011 by staff attorney Dan Moquin;
- criminal case process by the court administrator;
- presentation by the Office of the Special Trustee, Eastern Navajo Probate Office and Navajo Nation Tribal Enrollment Office;
- food handlers permit certification in preparation for the 2012 Justice Day in April 2012;
- peacemaking procedures and information that can be provided to the public in accordance with the new Peacemaking Program Plan of Operations by the peacemaker liaison; and
- financial desk audit model by the internal compliance auditor.

Court administrator Rena Thompson participated in executive team meetings concerning furniture and equipment purchases for the new judicial/public safety facility and Pueblo Pintado chapter planning meeting to establish a new judicial district. She also participated in numerous meetings and/or work sessions with other court administrators to address administrative issues related to the courts, in particular reviewing court forms to be utilized in the Navajo Nation Integrated Justice Information Sharing Project (NNIJISP).

Staff participated in a presentation on *Adoption of Rules* by attorney Bryon Nichols during the quarterly judicial conference hosted by Crownpoint Judicial District. Staff who attended were impressed with the presentations and discussions among the judges.

Throughout the year, court administrator Rena Thompson participated in various activities related to the construction of the new judicial/public safety facility. Construction began in June 2011. At the end of October 2012, the building is nearing completion; final inspection, training on equipment and arrival of furniture are anticipated. Occupancy is expected in early 2013.

The Crownpoint District and Family Courts completed its 2011 case certifications. The certifications showed that, of the 4,025 court cases, one criminal case is missing. The Crownpoint Probation Service accounted for all 1,249 cases. The Peacemaking Program did not submit a case certification.

The judge, court administrator, and staff attorney participated in quarterly judicial conferences throughout the year.

To enhance her bench skills, Judge Irene Toledo attended trainings in *Tribal Court Advocacy* in Ignacio, Colorado, *Tribal Judicial Leadership Gathering* in Reno, Nevada, and the *Four Corners Indian Country Conference* in Santa Fe, New Mexico. Judge Toledo attended bi-monthly New Mexico Tribal-State Consortium meetings in Albuquerque, New Mexico, to address state/tribal/federal courts relations. She performed marriage ceremonies and administered oaths of office as requested. She continued to handle cases in the To'hajiilee and Shiprock Courts per administrative orders.

Judge Irene Toledo participated in the Peacemaking Program curriculum work session in Albuquerque, New Mexico. She also participated in chapter planning meetings in Pueblo Pintado relating to the establishment of a new judicial district.

Ramah Judicial District

The presiding judge heard 3,283 district and family court cases this year.

Throughout fiscal year 2012, the judge, staff attorney, and court administrator participated in quarterly judicial conferences to assist in discussions with Judicial Branch-related issues, i.e., FY2013 budgets, Justware, Judicial Branch Employee Policies and Procedures, etc. The court administrator and office technician participated in various Justware conferences and trainings in preparation for the implementation of the Justware application in the Ramah Judicial District.

The district filled two positions during this fiscal year; the probation officer from To'hajiilee Judicial District and the staff attorney from Crownpoint Judicial District transferred to Ramah Judicial District.

The judge, court administrator, peacemaker liaison, probation officer, and staff attorney met with local service providers on a quarterly basis to share information about resources available to defendants and community members and to address mutual concerns and issues. Participating service providers included behavioral health services, prosecutor, Pine Hill Health Center, Ramah Navajo Division of Social Services, and school officials.

This year's staff development day was held at the Isleta Lakes recreation area in Isleta, New Mexico. The staff had a picnic and staff attorney Dan Moquin provided training on pro se forms.

The Ramah Judicial District celebrated its 52nd Annual Justice Day with a program, open house, and serving lunch to participants and public.

In FY2012, the Ramah Judicial District collected:

Fines and Fees – District Court	\$4,036.70
Fines and Fees – Family Court	\$543.90
Traffic Fines	\$28,197 04
Cash Bond	\$14,497.00
Total Collected	\$47,274.64

The judge and staff attorney revised sample orders so that dispositions of cases can be done more promptly. In addition, they assisted the Navajo Nation Supreme Court and other judicial districts with cases, as needed.

Alamo/To'hajiilee Judicial District

<u>Cross Commissioning of Deputies</u>. To'hajiilee/Alamo Judge William J.J. Platero swore in 11 Socorro County Sheriff's deputies as cross-commissioned tribal law enforcement officers. Efforts to cross commission these deputies began in the spring of 2011 when eight deputies received 16 hours of training from staff attorney Daniel Moquin and peacemaker liaison Albert Begaye. The attorney and liaison taught courses on Federal Indian Law, sentencing policies, fundamental laws, peacemaking, and other subjects pertaining to Navajo Nation laws and rules of court. The county deputies that received the 16-hour training

became commissioned to enforce tribal law in tribal courts as part of a County-Tribe Cross Commissioning Agreement between Socorro County and the Navajo Nation.



The community celebrated this effort with a formal swearing-in ceremony on November 16, 2011. Judge William J.J. Platero swore in the Socorro County deputies to support and defend the laws of the Navajo Nation in tribal court. The



ceremony was broadcast on local radio station KABR during the Alamo

Navajo Chapter meeting and Thanksgiving dinner. The officers received their commission cards from the Navajo Department of Law Enforcement on the same date.

U.S. Department of Justice Coordinated Tribal Assistance Solicitation Grant Awards. The Judicial Branch received grant awards totaling \$498,298 for three years from the U.S. Department of Justice (USDOJ) for development of a Community Court in Aneth, Utah, and a Healing-to-Wellness Court in Alamo and To'hajiilee. In addition to receiving funds from that grant, the Alamo-To'hajiilee Judicial District received a second federal grant award of \$498,366 to implement Navajo Peacemaking Teen Courts. Some of the grant funds also support the Judicial Branch's Navajo Nation Integrated Justice Information Sharing Project (NNIJISP). The model for the Alamo/To'hajiilee District includes a multi-community approach to conduct early intervention strategies to address alcohol-substance abuse and access to health care using the healing-to-wellness court, drug jail diversion court, and teen court for adults and youth in the Alamo and To'hajiilee communities. It involves interagency planning and coordination with local, tribal, and state resources particularly in behavioral health services. It also involves intensive strategic planning of activities by these resources and an extensive process evaluation component, with development of community advisory boards. Overall, the two federal grants awarded under the Bureau of Justice Administration and the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention with USDOJ totaled \$654,882 for three years.

<u>Youth Summits and Training (Alamo and To'hajiilee)</u>. The district was still able to coordinate and plan several early intervention activities with other programs in the district:

- The district co-hosted the Navajo Housing Authority's 2nd Annual Youth Conference on Gang, Alcohol & Drug Prevention in Albuquerque, New Mexico. Youth from Alamo, To'hajiilee, and Crownpoint attended sessions on gangs, domestic violence, alcohol, meth, and other dangerous drugs, motivational activities, traditional belief/values, and bullying. Peacemaker liaison Albert Begay gave the opening statement and attended several sessions throughout the conference. The conference was beneficial to participating youth to help them realize the importance of taking care of themselves and becoming productive citizens of society.
- The district also helped the To'hajiilee 638 Behavioral Health Services conduct the Native H.O.P.E (Helping Our People Endure) training. Over 30 youth from the To'hajiilee community attended this event. This was a part of the district's effort to provide early intervention services to youth through grants by partnering with other programs in the community.
- The To'hajiilee Court, in partnership with To'hajiilee Behavioral Health Services, co-hosted the suicide prevention training, "Natural Helpers," at the Cornerstone Church in To'hajiilee. Over 13 youth attended this spring break activity. The court administrator was actively involved in the training to provide support for this CTAS-related activity.

2012 Justice Days. The judicial district celebrated justice days at To'hajiilee on May 18, 2012, and Alamo on May 25, 2012. The To'hajiilee Justice Day featured an open house, information booths by local service providers, and a fun walk organized by the To'hajiilee Diabetes Program. At both events, Judge William J.J. Platero provided overviews of the Navajo Nation Judicial Branch, Navajo Nation Children's Code, Federal Law and Order Act, and Domestic Violence Act. Court administrator Regina Begay-Roanhorse went over the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, Tribal Youth Program, and Bureau of Justice Healing to Wellness Court. Peacemaker liaison Albert Begaye provided information on the Peacemaker Youth Apprenticeship Program.

New Mexico State Tribal Judicial Consortium. The To'hajiilee-Alamo Judicial District hosted the New Mexico Tribal State Judicial Consortium on October 14, 2011. Tribal judges from across New Mexico and judges from the state appellate and lower level courts met at the To'hajiilee Court to decide membership issues, discuss behavioral health issues in New Mexico, and obtain important information on treatment options for incarcerated Native and non-Native people, accessing off reservation services, etc. The judges commented that the meeting was important and beneficial. They were impressed with the new To'hajiilee courthouse. Crownpoint Judge Irene Toledo and staff attorney Patrick Dooley were also present at this meeting.

<u>Pro Se Form Project</u>. The judge, staff attorney, court administrator, and court clerks from both courts worked on developing and updating court pro se forms. The forms were e-mailed to DNA Legal Services. The group plans to complete the rest of the forms in the next fiscal year.

Bench Warrant Roundups. On December 10, 2011, the To'hajiilee judge, court clerk, and office technician conducted a bench warrant round-up with Navajo Department of Law Enforcement. Several people were picked up and others paid their fines. District clerks Rhiannon Guerro (Alamo) and Tanya Chavez (To'hajiilee) were instrumental in scheduling and coordinating these round ups with the local Navajo police.

<u>Summary</u>. The Alamo/To'hajiilee Judicial District had a very busy year with the receipt of two federal grants. Despite being unable to draw down the funds because of issues related to Navajo Nation Executive Branch programs, the district did what it could for the Alamo and To'hajiilee communities.

C. Administrative Office of the Courts

Director of Judicial Administration

<u>Judicial/Public Safety Justice Facilities – Tuba City, Arizona</u>. February 21, 2011, construction activities were started. Numerous meetings and teleconferences are held each quarter to plan and authorize expenditures and ongoing activities. February 2013 is when the facilities should be ready for occupancy.

<u>Judicial/Public Safety Justice Facilities – Crownpoint, New Mexico</u>. June 6, 2011, construction activities were started. Meetings and conference calls are held each quarter to plan and authorize expenditures and construction activities. February 2013 is when the facilities should be ready for occupancy.

Chinle, Arizona – Judicial/Public Safety Justice Facilities

A legal survey, topographic survey, utilities survey, aerial photography, and a geotechnical evaluation in preparation for site design for the new facilities have been completed. In addition the BIA NRO Environmental Services completed phases I, II, and III of the environmental site assessment. Project management firm Arcadis and architectural firm Dyron Murphy were selected and site development discussions are continuing.

Construction of the facilities will be based on the prototype designs from the Crownpoint construction project. These plans are 100% completed and approved for this site. The project components will include adult corrections, law enforcement, courts, peacemaking hogan, and parking areas on land to be transferred from the BIA to the Navajo Nation. Meetings with BIA are ongoing.

In the last quarter of FY2012, the Law and Order Committee of the Navajo Nation Council approved the transfer of \$16 million from the Crownpoint construction project. These savings are from the Key Bank loan. Savings resulted because the BIA contributed funds toward the construction of the Crownpoint justice facilities which reduced the amount of Key Bank loan money needed in Crownpoint. The first facility to be completed will be the adult correctional facility. Additional appropriations from the Navajo Nation or loans are necessary to begin and complete construction of the facilities for law enforcement and the courts.

<u>Dził Yijiin Judicial/Public Safety Facility Planning Project</u>. A new judicial district was established by the Law and Order Committee to serve the chapters of Black Mesa, Tachee/Blue Gap, Hardrock, Forest Lake,

Pinon, Whipporwill, and Low Mountain. In the FY2012 budget, a position for a judge and a court clerk were created to serve the Dził Yijiin Judicial District. Facilities have been provided so that court services are available to the communities within the Dził Yijiin Judicial District. In the FY2013 budget, funds have been appropriated for delivery of services. The Judicial Branch has also contributed \$200,000 to assist with the designing of a new justice complex to house the court, law enforcement, and correctional facility in Pinon, Arizona. VCBO architectural firm has completed designs and drawings for the proposed facilities. Efforts are in progress to secure federal, Navajo Nation, or loan funds for site development and construction of the buildings. Navajo Nation chapter officials and council delegate Dwight Witherspoon are very supportive and active in making the judicial district and justice complex a reality.

<u>Pueblo Pintado Judicial Facility Project</u>. The Crownpoint Judicial District judge, court administrator, and staff are working with council delegate Leonard Tsosie, Chief Justice Herb Yazzie, and the Pueblo Pintado Chapter to establish court services in the Tse'gaii area in the Eastern Agency of the Navajo reservation. Services are presently provided in the Crownpoint Judicial District. The Judicial Branch has established \$200,000 to assist with this effort. The chapter has approved one acre of land for a court facility. Planning is in progress for site development and a new modular court building has been approved for placement on the site.

<u>Shiprock Probation/Peacemaking building</u>. A site has been identified next to the court building for a modular building. Approval for utilities has been secured from NTUA. The building will be placed on site soon.

<u>Window Rock Modular Facilities for Court Administration and Supreme Court.</u> Pending approval of construction funds for a permanent Supreme Court, Judicial Administration, and Peacemaking Program, modular facilities have been approved and a site has been selected. Approval for site preparation and establishment of utilities are under way. As soon as the site is prepared, buildings will be established for services.

Navajo Nation Bond Finance for Facilities Construction. The Department of Corrections and Judicial Branch are requesting Navajo Nation funds or loans to construct judicial/public safety facilities in Shiprock, New Mexico, and Chinle, Fort Defiance, Pinon, and Dilkon, Arizona. The Navajo Nation Council is considering projects for approval of funds.

Office of Tribal Justice Support Grant. The Director of Judicial Administration wrote a proposal for acquisition of equipment in the amount of \$554,500. In December 2011, notice was received that an award in the amount of \$450,000 was approved and would be distributed to the local BIA Agency. This grant was accepted by the Navajo Nation and was carried forward into FY2012 for acquisition of security-related equipment for the Judicial Branch.

Navajo Nation Judicial Branch Employee Policies and Procedures. The Judicial Branch Human Resource Office is coordinating a review and updating of the current policies which were approved in 2010 by the Law & Order Committee of the Navajo Nation Council. The Director of Judicial Administration and other administrative staff are actively participating.

<u>Navajo Nation Bar Association Annual Conference</u>. The Director of Judicial Administration attended the 2012 NNBA annual conference to receive information on the bar association and updates on Navajo and federal laws and NN Supreme Court opinions. Information obtained is useful in coordinating the administrative operations of the NN Judicial Branch.

Deputy Director of Judicial Administration

Navajo Nation Integrated Justice Information Sharing Project (NNIJISP)

- Was appointed as the Project Director of NNIJISP.
- Proof of Concept was accepted and approved by the Technology Oversight Committee.

- Roll-out contract to include the second phase of the Justware implementation was finalized and approved.
- In coordination with New Dawn Technologies, developed a Navajo Nation System Administration Training Plan and Implementation Plan.
- Coordinated roll-out of Justware training and implementation at Shiprock, Chinle, Dził Yiijin, Dilkon, Kayenta and Aneth.
- Weekly conference calls are held between New Dawn Technologies and NNIJISP Project team members to discuss status of project.
- Coordinated the installation of video conferencing units at all Navajo Judicial Districts. Dilkon utilizes the video conferencing units to conduct on video arraignments on a regular basis.
- In coordination with DGS/Navajo Nation Telecommunications and Utilities Department, NNIJISP set aside funding to cover costs to upgrade the metro Ethernet from 5MB to 10MB for Shiprock Judicial District. Also included costs for 10MB metro Ethernet for Shiprock, Chinle, Crownpoint, Tuba City, Aneth, Kayenta, and Dilkon.
- Coordinated delivery and configuration of new computers to all business units under the Judicial Branch.

Administrative Activities

- Successfully coordinated the 2011 Judicial Branch Annual Conference. The conference was attended by over 200 participants with 35 presenters on an array of topics.
- Drafted and finalized the P.L. 93-638 FY2012 Scope of Work. Included in the revisions are funding
 for current court clerk positions, new bilingual court transcribers/recorders, operations and
 maintenance of court facilities, updates to Navajo Law Reporter, etc. The request totaled \$3.3 million
 dollars. Assisted the Chief Justice with presentations for approval before the Law and Order
 Committee and Náabik'íyáti' Committee of the Navajo Nation Council.
- Assisted the Chief Justice with presentation before the Náabik'íyáti' Committee for approval and authorizing a contract between the Judicial Branch and the U.S. Department of Interior Annual Funding Agreement for P.L. 93-638 2012 funding.
- Prepared and finalized the Judicial Branch P.L. 93-638 2013 budget request justification of proposed changes to the Bureau of Indian Affairs. Deputy Director walked the packet through the administrative SAS review process.
- Assisted the Chief Justice with facilitation of the Judicial Branch's strategic session. Summarized session and distributed notes for review.
- Facilitated Judicial Branch FY2013 work sessions to determine structural changes, review of personnel, review of priorities, etc.
- Served as facilitator for Navajo Nation programs and departments for joint submission of CTAS 2013 grant applications.
- Represented the Chief Justice at the Budget and Finance Committee work session in reference to proposed changes to the FY2013 Navajo Nation budgeting process.
- Attended budget review sessions with the Law and Order Committee, Budget and Finance Committee, N\u00edabik'\u00edy\u00edti'Committee, the Navajo Nation Council, and Branch Chiefs in reference to discussions and negotiations of FY2013 budgets. Prepared summary reports for discussion purposes regarding the Judicial Branch.
- Made on-site visit to the Federal Bureau of Investigation Criminal Justice Information Services. Visit
 involved tribes' participation in sharing of information involving tribal members who have been
 arrested and charged with domestic violence, assault, and battery, controlled substance abuse, and
 protection orders. The information will be part of the National Instant Criminal Background Check
 System.
- Assisted the task force on jail overcrowding with joint meetings between task force members and Judicial Branch court administrators. Also coordinated through video conference meetings between task force members and participants at the quarterly judicial conference in July 2012.
- Assisted with the Judicial Branch presentation by Justice Eleanor Shirley in reference to a visit by Secretary of Interior Ken Salazar.

Document Technician

The document technician prepared and scanned 16,908 files. Records included 2011 timesheets, inactive personnel files for the Judicial Branch Human Resources office, 1999 and 2000 vendor and Budget/CASA finance files for the Judicial Branch Fiscal Office, administrative files for the Office of the Chief Justice, and documents for the law clerk of the Navajo Nation Supreme Court, and presenter evaluations from the 2011 Judicial Branch Annual Conference for the Administrative Office of the Courts.

The document technician provided assistance to the Aneth District Court by scanning closed criminal/civil/family court case files for the calendar year 2007.

The document technician provided assistance on retrieval of archived records for Chinle and Crownpoint Judicial Districts due to only one reader/printer in operation for the Judicial Branch. Several other judicial district personnel travel to Administrative Office of the Courts to retrieve records from the old microfilm PC printer.

The document technician received thirteen CDs from Window Rock, Shiprock, Crownpoint, Aneth, and Dilkon Judicial Districts for safe keeping.

The document technician provided on-site assistance on the archiving process to the Dilkon, Window Rock, Crownpoint, and Shiprock.

The document technician provided assistance to IT personnel, i.e., receiving and dates stamping IT Service Requests submitted by the judicial districts and programs.

D. Peacemaking Program of the Navajo Nation

<u>Plan of Operation</u>. The Peacemaking Program's Plan of Operation was revised by program staff and then approved by the Law and Order Committee of the Navajo Nation Council on July 30, 2012, in To'hajiilee, New Mexico. The Plan implements 7 N.N.C sections 409-413 and recognizes the Peacemaking Program as an entity separate from the district courts but still has a relationship in financial and technical support of community peacemakers. It also establishes traditional services, and, that traditional services are different from court-based services.

Navajo Peacemaking Youth Education and Apprenticeship Program. This project is in its third year. Peacemaking services are currently being provided at Seba Dalkai Community School, Dilkon High School, Indian Wells schools, Naschitti schools, Newcomb schools, Nenahnezad schools, Shiprock High School, Mesa Elementary School, White Horse High School, Bluff Elementary School, Little Singer Elementary School, Leupp High School, Borrego Pass Community School, Magdalena schools, Pinon schools, Tuba City High School, Crownpoint High School, and Pine Hill High School. Services include life value engagement education to students, individual counseling, and peacemaking sessions for students and their families. The Program continued to contact schools to recruit youth peacemaker apprentices.

Memorandums of agreements are in place at Alamo Navajo School, Shiprock Consolidated Schools, Whitehorse High School, and Seba Dalkai Community School.

<u>Navajo Peacemaking and Safe School</u>. This project was a success. Even though the grant expired, the program continues to provide peacemaking services in the schools. STAR School (of Flagstaff, Arizona) implemented playground peacemaking which is conducted by student leaders that have been trained as peacemakers. This new program is successful and has reduced the rate of students getting into trouble for bullying and fighting on the playground. Student peacemakers provide intervention services the minute a fight begins on the playground or anytime during school hours. This has eliminated school disciplinary processes and keeps students in school rather than being sent home.

<u>Technical Assistance to Courts and Probation Services</u>. Since, the approval of the Peacemaking Plan of Operation, the program has been providing orientation at the local judicial districts. Orientation was

provided at Tuba City, Kayenta, and Aneth Judicial Districts. Other districts have scheduled their orientations, and the program will provide information on program changes.

The program provided many presentations to local community peacemakers on the formulation of the Peacemaking Program Plan of Operation. This presentation was based on a request by local peacemaker organizations. The accomplishment concentrated on the Álchíní Bi Beehaz'áanii Act and its relevance to traditional counseling in the home and in the educational environment.

<u>Peacemaking Training</u>. The Program hosted a Peacemaking Conference in Acoma, New Mexico, to update peacemakers on the new Plan of Operation. Program staff provided training on traditional stories about *Naayéé*' and its origins. Staff videotaped the two-day conference which was edited by the traditional Diné researcher and formatted on DVD and disseminated to traditional program specialists for references as well as keeping one at the forthcoming Peacemaking Program Diné Law Library in Window Rock.

<u>Justware Information Sharing System.</u> The program participated in implementation of Justware at Shiprock, Aneth, Kayenta, Dilkon, Window Rock, Crownpoint, and Tuba City. The challenges were learning the new process, maneuvering the system, and learning the short cuts. The added improvements seem to be a time saver as staff continue to learn the new case management system and its processes.

The Peacemaking Program fully participated in the implementation of the information sharing system. Training and implementation is in process with the assigned SMEs. The Shiprock Judicial District Peacemaking Program is successfully leading in training and implementation of the new system. New forms were completed and will be entered into the system by Information Technology. Staff will continue to work on the reports with New Dawn and Judicial Branch IT.

Outreach. The Program provided community conferences in Shiprock, Dilkon, Alamo, and Crownpoint to disseminate information and provide education on direct services available in the schools and to the public. The Program also participated in a public hearing sponsored by the Navajo Nation Agriculture Association on issues related to livestock permits, land usage on the Navajo Nation. Information concerning the public receiving services from the Peacemaking Program as it relates to land and livestock disputes that were in question and pending peacemaking cases were also discussed. This process was educational and informative for peacemakers that deal with land and livestock issues and concerns.

<u>Diné Traditional Law Library</u>. The program is in the process of recording traditional counseling techniques during actual educational classes provided by two traditional counselors working with Dilkon Peacemaking Program. These two individuals are teaching Diné culture to Seba Dalkai Boarding School students during after-school in the dormitory. Other teaching materials that have been recorded are on Diné traditional food preparation by peacemakers.

The program continues to acquire video recordings for educational tools. A list of recording equipment was generated. These items include VHS-to-DVD converter; blank DVDs; luggage for storage of video equipment; carrying case to hold and transfer recording equipment; extension cords; folding tables; surge protectors; SCHC memory cards; USB memory port hub; digital voice recorder. Other equipment needed include cassette tape-to-CD converter and voice recording devices for interviews of individuals to record traditional journey narratives.

6. Judicial Branch Statistical Caseload Reports

Location	Brought F	orward	Filed	d	Caselo	oad	Closed C	Cases	Pendi	ng
Tuba City	902	5.14%	2,120	6.09%	3,022	5.77%	2,366	6.99%	656	3.54%
Kayenta	890	5.07%	1,892	5.43%	2,782	5.31%	1,996	5.90%	786	4.24%
Aneth	354	2.02%	595	1.71%	949	1.81%	528	1.56%	421	2.27%
Chinle	1,810	10.31%	7,215	20.71%	9,025	17.23%	5,835	17.24%	3,190	17.21%
Dilkon	685	3.90%	3,517	10.10%	4,202	8.02%	3,056	9.03%	1,146	6.18%
Window Rock	2,981	16.99%	5,540	15.91%	8,521	16.27%	5,032	14.87%	3,489	18.83%
Shiprock	4,002	22.80%	5,423	15.57%	9,425	17.99%	5,515	16.29%	3,910	21.10%
Crownpoint	3,383	19.28%	4,802	13.79%	8,185	15.63%	6,205	18.33%	1,980	10.68%
Ramah	1,666	9.49%	2,516	7.22%	4,182	7.98%	2,041	6.03%	2,141	11.55%
Alamo	253	1.44%	341	0.98%	594	1.13%	427	1.26%	167	0.90%
Tohajiilee	519	2.96%	770	2.21%	1,289	2.46%	759	2.24%	530	2.86%
Supreme Court	104	0.59%	100	0.29%	204	0.39%	89	0.26%	115	0.62%
TOTAL	17,549	100%	34,831	100%	52,380	100%	33,849	100%	18,531	100%

Case Type	Brought F	orward	File	d	Casel	oad	Closed (Cases	Pendi	ing
Civil	978	5.57%	1,529	4.39%	2,507	4.79%	1,627	4.81%	880	4.75%
Criminal	6,482	36.94%	6,797	19.51%	13,279	25.35%	6,704	19.81%	6,575	35.48%
Civil Traffic	3,297	18.79%	9,258	26.58%	12,555	23.97%	8,397	24.81%	4,158	22.44%
Criminal Traffic	2,098	11.96%	1,330	3.82%	3,428	6.54%	1,496	4.42%	1,932	10.43%
Family Civil	1,207	6.88%	2,099	6.03%	3,306	6.31%	2,051	6.06%	1,255	6.77%
Domestic Violence	841	4.79%	4,090	11.74%	4,931	9.41%	3,917	11.57%	1,014	5.47%
Dependency	309	1.76%	252	0.72%	561	1.07%	233	0.69%	328	1.77%
Delinquency	175	1.00%	223	0.64%	398	0.76%	254	0.75%	144	0.78%
CHINS	88	0.50%	123	0.35%	211	0.40%	114	0.34%	97	0.52%
Probation	1,706	9.72%	8,206	23.56%	9,912	18.92%	8,152	24.08%	1,760	9.50%
Peacemaking	264	1.50%	824	2.37%	1,088	2.08%	815	2.41%	273	1.47%
Supreme Court	104	0.59%	100	0.29%	204	0.39%	89	0.26%	115	0.62%
TOTAL	17,549	100%	34,831	100%	52,380	100%	33,849	100%	18,531	100%

Supreme Court	Brought Forward		Filed		Caseload		Closed Cases		Pending	
Civil	29	28%	76	76%	105	51%	66	74%	39	34%
Criminal	0	0%	2	2%	2	1%	2	2%	0	0%
NNBA	75	72%	22	22%	97	48%	21	24%	76	66%
Special Proceedings	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
TOTAL	104	100%	100	100%	204	100%	89	100%	115	100%

CIVIL	Brought Fo	rward ^I	Filed		Caselo	ad	Closed C	ases	Pendi	ng
TUBA CITY	83	8%	119	8%	202	8%	165	10%	37	4%
KAYENTA	38	4%	142	9%	180	7%	140	9%	40	5%
ANETH	40	4%	42	3%	82	3%	49	3%	33	4%
CHINLE	118	12%	234	15%	352	14%	232	14%	120	14%
DILKON	21	2%	94	6%	115	5%	76	5%	39	4%
WINDOW ROCK	292	30%	340	22%	632	25%	372	23%	260	30%
SHIPROCK	188	19% ⁱ	215	14%	403	16%	205	13%	198	23%
CROWNPOINT	125	13%	242	16%	367	15%	270	17%	97	11%
RAMAH	25	3%	50	3%	75	3%	37	2%	38	4%
ALAMO	45	5%	26	2%	71	3%	57	4%	14	2%
TOHAJIILEE	3	0%	25	2%	28	1%	24	1%	4	0%
TOTAL	978	100%	1,529	100%	2,507	100%	1,627	100%	880	100%
CRIMINAL	Brought Fo	rward !	Filed		Caselo	ad	Closed C	ases	Pendi	ng
TUBA CITY	405	6%	446	7%	851	6%	587	9%	264	4%
KAYENTA	419	6%	342	5%	761	6%	444	7%	317	5%
ANETH	62	1%	54	1%	116	1%	39	1%	77	1%
CHINLE	543	8%	2,017	30%	2,560	19%	1,087	16%	1,473	22%
DILKON	331	5%	1,012	15%	1,343	10%	738	11%	605	9%
WINDOW ROCK	846	13%	785	12%	1,631	12%	610	9%	1,021	16%
SHIPROCK	1,247	19%	552	8%	1,799	14%	646	10%	1,153	18%
CROWNPOINT	1,942	30%	636	9%	2,578	19%	1,808	27%	770	12%
RAMAH	331	5%	680	10%	1,011	8%	471	7%	540	8%
ALAMO	83	1%	37	1%	120	1%	66	1%	54	1%
TOHAJIILEE	273	4%	236	3%	509	4%	208	3%	301	5%
TOTAL	6,482	100%	6,797	100%	13,279	100%	6,704	100%	6,575	100%
CV-TRAFFIC	Brought Fo	rward i	Filed		Caselo	ad	Closed C	ases	Pendi	ng
TUBA CITY	44	1%	483	5%	527	4%	451	5%	76	2%
KAYENTA	25	1%	216	2%	241	2%	165	2%	76	2%
ANETH	17	1%	114	1%	131	1%	43	1%	88	2%
CHINLE	483	15%	1,750	19%	2,233	18%	1,626	19%	607	15%
DILKON	17	1%	546	6%	563	4%	513	6%	50	1%
WINDOW ROCK	757	23%	2,215	24%	2,972	24%	2,252	27%	720	17%
SHIPROCK	763	23%	1,566	17%	2,329	19%	1,348	16%	981	24%
CROWNPOINT	177	5%	1,391	15%	1,568	12%	1,279	15%	289	7%
RAMAH	911	28%	889	10%	1,800	14%	584	7%	1,216	29%
ALAMO	57	2%	13	0%	70	1%	49	1%	21	1%
TOHAJIILEE	46	1%	75	1%	121	1%	87	1%	34	1%
TOTAL	3,297	100%	9,258	100%	12,555	100%	8,397	100%	4,158	100%

CR-TRAFFIC	Brought Fo	rward	Filed	ı	Caselo	ad	Closed C	ases	Pendi	ng
TUBA CITY	112	5%	97	7 %	209	6%	117	8%	92	5%
KAYENTA	102	5%	91	7%	193	6%	138	9%	55	3%
ANETH	37	2%	5	0%	42	1%	12	1%	30	2%
CHINLE	191	9%	195	15%	386	11%	148	10%	238	12%
DILKON	44	2%	67	5%	111	3%	69	5%	42	2%
WINDOW ROCK	227	11%	291	22%	518	15%	180	12%	338	17%
SHIPROCK	957	46%	277	21%	1,234	36%	404	27%	830	43%
CROWNPOINT	340	16%	210	16%	550	16%	361	24%	189	10%
RAMAH	52	2%	83	6%	135	4%	55	4%	80	4%
ALAMO	11	1%	1	0%	12	0%	1	0%	11	1%
TOHAJIILEE	25	1%	13	1%	38	1%	11	1%	27	1%
TOTAL	2,098	100%	1,330	100%	3,428	100%	1,496	100%	1,932	100%
FAMILY CIVIL	Brought Fo	rward	Filed	ı	Caselo	ad	Closed C	ases	Pendi	ng
TUBA CITY	100	8%	129	6%	229	7%	165	8%	64	5%
KAYENTA	43	4%	128	6%	171	5%	118	6%	53	4%
ANETH	45	4%	136	6%	181	5%	130	6%	51	4%
CHINLE	121	10%	282	13%	403	12%	217	11%	186	15%
DILKON	63	5%	156	7%	219	7%	159	8%	60	5%
WINDOW ROCK	388	32%	434	21%	822	25%	343	17%	479	38%
SHIPROCK	120	10%	363	17%	483	15%	314	15%	169	13%
CROWNPOINT	234	19%	340	16%	574	17%	457	22%	117	9%
RAMAH	33	3%	52	2%	85	3%	44	2%	41	3%
ALAMO	16	1%	25	1%	41	1%	31	2%	10	1%
TOHAJIILEE	44	4%	54	3%	98	3%	73	4%	25	2%
TOTAL	1,207	100%	2,099	100%	3,306	100%	2,051	100%	1,255	100%
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	Brought Fo	orward i	Filed	ı	Caselo	ad	Closed C	ases	Pendi	ng
TUBA CITY	66	8%	413	10%	479	10%	444	11%	35	3%
KAYENTA	77	9%	461	11%	538	11%	444	11%	94	9%
ANETH	59	7%	131	3%	190	4%	140	4%	50	5%
CHINLE	113	13%	663	16%	776	16%	613	16%	163	16%
DILKON	44	5%	243	6%	287	6%	235	6%	52	5%
WINDOW ROCK	176	21%	691	17%	867	18%	534	14%	333	33%
SHIPROCK	111	13%	708	17%	819	17%	686	18%	133	13%
CROWNPOINT	142	17%	585	14%	727	15%	622	16%	105	10%
RAMAH	32	4%	78	2%	110	2%	79	2%	31	3%
ALAMO	11	1%	80	2%	91	2%	75	2%	16	2%
TOHAJIILEE	10	1%	37	1%	47	1%	45	1%	2	0%
TOTAL	841	100%	4,090	100%	4,931	100%	3,917	100%	1,014	100%

DEPENDENCY	Brought Fo	rward	Filed	I	Caselo	oad ¦	Closed C	ases	Pendi	ng
TUBA CITY	16	5%	12	5%	28	5%	13	6%	15	5%
KAYENTA	19	6%i	13	5%	32	6%	16	7%	16	5%
ANETH	6	2%	3	1%	9	2%	5	2%	4	1%
CHINLE	36	12%	15	6%	51	9%	22	9%	29	9%
DILKON	4	1%	17	7%	21	4%	5	2%	16	5%
WINDOW ROCK	97	31%	96	38%	193	34%	78	33%	115	35%
SHIPROCK	41	13%	26	10%	67	12%	22	9%	45	14%
CROWNPOINT	64	21%	53	21%	117	21%	54	23%	63	19%
RAMAH	14	5%	5	2%	19	3%	8	3%	11	3%
ALAMO	4	1%	7	3%	11	2%	5	2%	6	2%
TOHAJIILEE	8	3% ⁱ	5	2%	13	2%	5	2%	8	2%
TOTAL	309	100%	252	100%	561	100%	233	100%	328	100%
DELINQUENCY	Brought Fo	rward !	Filed	I	Caselo	oad ¦	Closed C	ases	Pendi	ng
TUBA CITY	6	3%	2	1%	8	2% i	7	3%	1	1%
KAYENTA	3	2%	2	1%	5	1%	3	1%	2	1%
ANETH	0	0%i	2	1%	2	1%	2	1%	0	0%
CHINLE	22	13%	21	9%	43	11%	30	12%	13	9%
DILKON	4	2%	24	11%	28	7 %	11	4%	17	12%
WINDOW ROCK	35	20%	79	35%	114	29%	78	31%	36	25%
SHIPROCK	46	26%	33	15%	79	20%	47	19%	32	22%
CROWNPOINT	9	5%	9	4%	18	5%	13	5%	5	3%
RAMAH	14	8%	25	11%	39	10%	26	10%	13	9%
ALAMO	0	0%¦	3	1%	3	1%	1	0%	2	1%
TOHAJIILEE	36	21%	23	10%	59	15%	36	14%	23	16%
TOTAL	175	100%	223	100%	398	100%	254	100%	144	100%
CHINS	Brought Fo	rward !	Filed	I	Caselo	oad	Closed C	ases	Pendi	ng
TUBA CITY	0	0%	4	3%	4	2%	3	3%	1	1%
KAYENTA	1	1%	1	1%	2	1%	1	1%	1	1%
ANETH	1	1%	0	0%	1	0%	1	1%	0	0%
CHINLE	2	2%	8	7%	10	5%	4	4%	6	6%
DILKON	2	2%	0	0%	2	1%	1	1%	1	1%
WINDOW ROCK	13	15%	34	28%	47	22%	21	18%	26	27%
SHIPROCK	33	38%i	16	13%	49	23%	21	18%	28	29%
CROWNPOINT	18	20%	23	19%	41	19%	25	22%	16	16%
RAMAH	1	1%	17	14%	18	9%	13	11%	5	5%
ALAMO	4	5%	15	12%	19	9%	11	10%	8	8%
TOHAJIILEE	13	15%i	5	4%	18	9%	13	11%	5	5%
TOTAL	88	100%	123	100%	211	100%	114	100%	97	100%

Adult Probation	Brought Fo	orward	Filed		Caselo	ad ¦	Closed C	ases	Pendi	ng
TUBA CITY	19	4%	55	5%	74	5%	40	4%	34	6%
KAYENTA	43	9%	62	5%	105	7%	78	7%	27	5%
ANETH	9	2%	12	1%	21	1%	14	1%	7	1%
CHINLE	103	22%	235	20%	338	21%	185	17%	153	29%
DILKON	18	4%	74	6%	92	6%	57	5%	35	7%
WINDOW ROCK	72	16%	175	15%	247	15%	184	17%	63	12%
SHIPROCK	85	19%	238	21%	323	20%	245	23%	78	15%
CROWNPOINT	56	12%	119	10%	175	11%	110	10%	65	12%
RAMAH	10	2%	47	4%	57	4%	19	2%	38	7%
ALAMO	14	3%	17	1%	31	2%	27	2%	4	1%
TOHAJIILEE	29	6%	118	10%	147	9%	122	11%	25	5%
TOTAL	458	100%	1,152	100%	1,610	100%	1,081	100%	529	100%
PAROLE	Brought Fo	orward !	Filed		Caselo	ad	Closed C	ases	Pendi	ng
TUBA CITY	1	7%	3	6%	4	6%	2	4%	2	15%
KAYENTA	6	40%	8	16%	14	22%	13	25%	1	8%
ANETH	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
CHINLE	5	33%	22	45%	27	42%	22	43%	5	38%
DILKON	1	7%	7	14%	8	13%	8	16%	0	0%
WINDOW ROCK	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
SHIPROCK	0	0%	3	6%	3	5%	2	4%	1	8%
CROWNPOINT	2	13%	6	12%	8	13%	4	8%	4	31%
RAMAH	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
ALAMO	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
TOHAJIILEE	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
TOTAL	15	100%	49	100%	64	100%	51	100%	13	100%
Adult Short Term Probation	Brought Fo	orward i	Filed		Caselo	ad	Closed C	ases	Pendi	ng
TUBA CITY	34	3%	261	4%	295	4%	269	4%	26	2%
KAYENTA	83	7%	337	5%	420	6%	361	6%	59	5%
ANETH	20	2%	74	1%	94	1%	70	1%	24	2%
CHINLE	39	3%	1,437	22%	1,476	19%	1,304	20%	172	16%
DILKON	98	9%	1,105	17%	1,203	16%	1,031	16%	172	16%
WINDOW ROCK	58	5%	311	5%	369	5%	292	4%	77	7%
SHIPROCK	358	31%	1,249	19%	1,607	21%	1,386	21%	221	20%
CROWNPOINT	239	21%	1,076	17%	1,315	17%	1,078	17%	237	21%
RAMAH	209	18%	467	7%	676	9%	605	9%	71	6%
ALAMO	4	0%	43	1%	47	1%	40	1%	7	1%
TOHAJIILEE	0	0%	98	2%	98	1%	60	1%	38	3%
TOTAL	1,142	100%	6,458	100%	7,600	100%	6,496	100%	1,104	100%

Juvenile Probation	Brought Fo	rward I	Filed		Caselo	and !	Closed C	2020	Pendi	na
TUBA CITY	0	0%	0	0%	0	0% ¹	0	0%	0	0%
KAYENTA	1	2%i	0	0% 0%	1	1%	1	1%	0	0% 0%
ANETH	0	2 /0 	0	0% 0%	0	0%¦	0	0%	0	0%
CHINLE	12	23%	16	14%	28	17%	26	25%	2	3%
DILKON	12	23 % 2%	5	4%	6	4%	3	3%	3	5%
WINDOW ROCK	3	6%i	19	16%	22	13%	12	12%	10	15%
SHIPROCK	9	17%	18	16%	27	16%	17	16%	10	15%
CROWNPOINT	1	2%	5	4%	6	4%	4	4%	2	3%
RAMAH	3	6%¦	17	15%	20	12%	11	11%	9	14%
ALAMO	0	0%i	18	16%	18	11%	9	9%	9	14%
TOHAJIILEE	23	43%	18	16%	41	24%	21	20%	20	31%
TOTAL	53	100%	116	100%	169	100%	104	100%	65	100%
Juvenile Short		10070,	110	10070	100	100701	104	10070		10070
Term Probation	Brought Fo	orward	Filed		Caselo	oad ¦	Closed C	ases	Pendi	ng
TUBA CITY	10	26%	67	16%	77	16%	72	17%	5	10%
KAYENTA	1	3%	4	1%	5	1%	3	1%	2	4%
ANETH	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
CHINLE	0	0%	222	52%	222	47%	221	53%	1	2%
DILKON	3	8%	34	8%	37	8%	22	5%	15	31%
WINDOW ROCK	1	3%	23	5%	24	5%	20	5%	4	8%
SHIPROCK	13	34%	34	8%	47	10%	30	7%	17	35%
CROWNPOINT	3	8%	15	3%	18	4%	14	3%	4	8%
RAMAH	6	16%	0	0%	6	1%	6	1%	0	0%
ALAMO	1	3%	28	6%	29	6%	29	7%	0	0%
TOHAJIILEE	0	0%	4	1%	4	1%	3	1%	1	2%
TOTAL	38	100%	431	100%	469	100%	420	100%	49	100%
PEACEMAKING	Brought Fo		Filed	l	Caselo	oad	Closed C	ases i	Pendi	ng
TUBA CITY	6	2%	29	4%	35	3%	31	4%	4	1%
KAYENTA	29	11%	85	10%	114	10%	71	9%	43	16%
ANETH	58	22%	22	3%	80	7%	23	3%	57	21%
CHINLE	22	8%	98	12%	120	11%	98	12%	22	8%
DILKON	34	13%	133	16%	167	15%	128	16%	39	14%
WINDOW ROCK	16	6%	47	6%	63	6%	56	7%	7	3%
SHIPROCK	31	12%	125	15%	156	14%	142	17%	14	5%
CROWNPOINT	31	12%	92	11%	123	11%	106	13%	17	6%
RAMAH	25	9%	106	13%	131	12%	83	10%	48	18%
ALAMO	3	1%	28	3%	31	3%	26	3%	5	2%
TOHAJIILEE	9	3%	59	7%	68	6%	51	6%	17	6%
TOTAL	264	100%	824	100%	1,088	100%	815	100%	273	100%

7. Judicial Branch Financial Activities

A. Budgets and Expenditures

The Judicial Branch receives operating funds as follows:

1. Navajo Nation General Funds (Reporting Period: October 1, 2011 – September 30, 2012)

By Resolution CS-37-11, the Navajo Nation Council approved the FY2012 Judicial Branch general fund operating budgets separated into 15 business units. This total budget was \$14,493,744.43. Note: \$65,454.43 was carried over into FY2013 to cover expenses for modular buildings and office space.

(A) Business Unit 102001 – Administrative Office of the Courts

Object		10/0	01/11 - 09/30/12			С	arry Over Into	Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	ı	Expenditures		FY2013	Balance	% Spent
1992	IDC Recovery	\$	121,382.00	\$	-	\$	=	\$ 121,382.00	0%
2000	Personnel Services	\$	1,342,764.00	\$	1,300,105.20	\$	-	\$ 42,658.80	97%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	106,974.00	\$	88,093.99	\$	23,400.00	\$ (4,519.99)	104%
	Carry Over	\$	37,655.43	\$	-	\$	37,655.43	\$ -	100%
9000	Capital Outlay	\$	4,399.00	\$	=	\$	4,399.00	\$ -	100%
	IDC Recovery	\$	(121,382.00)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (121,382.00)	0%
,	Grand Total	\$	1,491,792.43	\$	1,388,199.19	\$	65,454.43	\$ 38,138.81	97%

(B) Business Unit 102002 - Chinle Judicial District

Object		10/0	1/11 - 09/30/12				Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	Expenditures	E	ncumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	1,192,777.00	\$ 1,118,016.20	\$	-	\$ 74,760.80	94%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	328,668.00	\$ 79,097.67	\$	-	\$ 249,570.33	24%
	Grand Total	\$	1,521,445.00	\$ 1,197,113.87	\$	-	\$ 324,331.13	79%

(C) Business Unit 102003 - Crownpoint Judicial District

Object		10/0	01/11 - 09/30/12					Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	ı	Expenditures	Е	Encumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	1,254,901.00	\$	1,065,731.02	\$	-	\$ 189,169.98	85%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	85,734.00	\$	74,577.49	\$	-	\$ 11,156.51	87%
	Grand Total	\$	1,340,635.00	\$	1,140,308.51	\$	-	\$ 200,326.49	85%

(D) Business Unit 102004 - Window Rock Judicial District

Object		10/0	01/11 - 09/30/12				Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	Expenditures	Е	ncumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	1,399,477.39	\$ 1,317,734.38	\$	-	\$ 81,743.01	94%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	168,658.61	\$ 136,472.09	\$	-	\$ 32,186.52	81%
	Grand Total	\$	1,568,136.00	\$ 1,454,206.47	\$	-	\$ 113,929.53	93%

(E) Business Unit 102005 - Shiprock Judicial District

Object		10/0	01/11 - 09/30/12				Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	Expenditures	E	Encumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	1,258,534.22	\$ 1,214,970.11	\$	-	\$ 43,564.11	97%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	91,658.78	\$ 80,905.72	\$	-	\$ 10,753.06	88%
	Grand Total	\$	1,350,193.00	\$ 1,295,875.83	\$	-	\$ 54,317.17	96%

(F) Business Unit 102006 - Tuba City Judicial District

Object		10/0	01/11 - 09/30/12					Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	ı	Expenditures	Е	ncumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	1,137,802.00	\$	1,040,642.09	\$	-	\$ 97,159.91	91%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	103,754.00	\$	94,083.64	\$	=	\$ 9,670.36	91%
	Grand Total	\$	1,241,556.00	\$	1,134,725.73	\$	-	\$ 106,830.27	91%

(G) Business Unit 102007 - Ramah Judicial District

Object		10/0	1/11 - 09/30/12				Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	Expenditures	E	Encumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	646,108.50	\$ 621,584.89	\$	-	\$ 24,523.61	96%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	72,786.50	\$ 51,534.23	\$	(11.50)	\$ 21,263.77	71%
	Grand Total	\$	718,895.00	\$ 673,119.12	\$	(11.50)	\$ 45,787.38	94%

(H) Business Unit 102008 - Navajo Nation Supreme Court

Object		10/0	1/11 - 09/30/12					Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	ı	Expenditures	Er	ncumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	900,913.80	\$	742,023.23	\$	-	\$ 158,890.57	82%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	53,177.20	\$	51,309.22	\$	-	\$ 1,867.98	96%
	Grand Total	\$	954,091.00	\$	793,332.45	\$	•	\$ 160,758.55	83%

(I) Business Unit 102009 – Peacemaking Program

Object		10/0	1/11 - 09/30/12					Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	ı	Expenditures	Е	ncumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	291,084.00	\$	251,686.71	\$	-	\$ 39,397.29	86%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	92,507.00	\$	94,863.45	\$	-	\$ (2,356.45)	103%
	Grand Total	\$	383,591.00	\$	346,550.16	\$		\$ 37,040.84	90%

(J) Business Unit 102010 - Kayenta Judicial District

Object		10/0	1/11 - 09/30/12				Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	Expenditures	Е	ncumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	1,128,916.00	\$ 1,080,104.91	\$	-	\$ 48,811.09	96%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	89,969.00	\$ 71,463.47	\$	-	\$ 18,505.53	79%
	Grand Total	\$	1,218,885.00	\$ 1,151,568.38	\$	-	\$ 67,316.62	94%

(K) Business Unit 102011 - Dilkon Judicial District

Object		10/0	1/11 - 09/30/12				Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	Expenditures	Е	ncumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	867,572.00	\$ 684,551.07	\$	-	\$ 183,020.93	79%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	83,031.00	\$ 65,436.37	\$	-	\$ 17,594.63	79%
	Grand Total	\$	950,603.00	\$ 749,987.44	\$	-	\$ 200,615.56	79%

(L) Business Unit 102012 - Aneth Judicial District

Object		10/0	1/11 - 09/30/12				Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	Expenditures	E	ncumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	640,597.00	\$ 629,953.09	\$	-	\$ 10,643.91	98%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	65,799.00	\$ 64,025.33	\$	-	\$ 1,773.67	97%
	Grand Total	\$	706,396.00	\$ 693,978.42	\$	-	\$ 12,417.58	98%

(M) Business Unit 102013 - To'hajiilee Court

(111)	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•					
Object		10/0	1/11 - 09/30/12					Fund	
Code	Description		Budget		Expenditures	E	ncumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	628,682.00	\$	541,319.34	\$	-	\$ 87,362.66	86%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	64,838.00	\$	51,199.37	\$	-	\$ 13,638.63	79%
	Grand Total	\$	693,520.00	\$	592,518.71	\$	-	\$ 101,001.29	85%

(N) Business Unit 102014 - Alamo Court

Object		10/0	1/11 - 09/30/12				Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	Expenditures	Е	ncumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	170,593.00	\$ 167,643.80	\$	-	\$ 2,949.20	98%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	64,642.00	\$ 36,351.62	\$	-	\$ 28,290.38	56%
	Grand Total	\$	235,235.00	\$ 203,995.42	\$	-	\$ 31,239.58	87%

(O) Business Unit 102015 – Dził Yijiin (Pinon) Judicial District

Object		10/0	1/11 - 09/30/12	-			Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	Expenditures	Е	ncumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	102,498.00	\$ 45,518.00	\$	-	\$ 56,980.00	44%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	16,273.00	\$ 12,653.48	\$	-	\$ 3,619.52	78%
	Grand Total	\$	118,771.00	\$ 58,171.48	\$	-	\$ 60,599.52	49%

(P) Business Unit 118019-Navajo Nation Integrated Justice Information System (Fixed Cost)

Object		10/	01/11 - 9/30/12			C	arry Over Into	Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	E	Expenditures		FY2013	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	62,473.00	\$	17,054.37	\$	=	\$ 45,418.63	27%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	910,099.40	\$	648,154.04	\$	226,636.56	\$ 35,308.80	96%
	Grand Total	\$	972,572.40	\$	665,208.41	\$	226,636.56	\$ 80,727.43	92%

2. Federal Funds

(A) Business Unit K060733 – Bureau of Indian Affairs. Through Public Law 93-638 (Indian Self-Determination Act), the Bureau of Indian Affairs approved a multi-year contract so that court services can be provided in calendar years 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, and 2011. The expenditures report is from January 1, 2011, to December 31, 2012. The contract term has been extended from December 31, 2011, to December 31, 2012, at no additional cost to allow the Judicial Branch to expend the unobligated funds under the contract.

		F	Y2006-FY2011						
Object			Contract					Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	ı	Expenditures	E	Encumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	5,630,933.28	\$	5,630,933.28	\$		\$	100%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	1,734,064.88	\$	1,731,835.37	\$	2,129.51	\$ 100.00	100%
9000	Capital Outlay	\$	739,729.84	\$	292,315.74	\$	=	\$ 447,414.10	40%
	Grand Total	\$	8,104,728.00	\$	7,655,084.39	\$	2,129.51	\$ 447,514.10	94%

(B) Business Unit K120725 – Bureau of Indian Affairs. Through Public Law 93-638 (Indian Self-Determination Act), the Bureau of Indian Affairs approved a multi-year contract so that court services can be provided in calendar years 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, and 2016. The expenditures report is from January 1, 2012, to September 30, 2012.

Object		01/0	1/12 to 12/31/12				Fund	
Code	Description	Or	riginal Budget	Expenditures	ı	Encumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	503,197.00	\$ 234,704.17	\$	-	\$ 268,492.83	47%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	846,462.00	\$ 45,627.65	\$	73,034.00	\$ 727,800.35	14%
	Grand Total	\$	1,349,659.00	\$ 280,331.82	\$	73,034.00	\$ 996,293.18	26%

(C) Business Unit K070814 - Navajo Nation Integrated Justice Information Sharing Project

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Object		10/0	1/07 to 03/31/13						Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	ı	Expenditures	E	Encumbrances		Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	42,417.60	\$	42,417.60	\$	-	\$	-	100%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	257,582.40	\$	167,586.65	\$	54,764.80	\$	35,230.95	86%
	Grand Total	\$	300,000.00	\$	210,004.25	\$	54,764.80	\$	35,230.95	88%

(D) Business Unit K104007 - Utah JAG ARRA

Object		1/1/	10 to 12/31/12					Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	ı	Expenditures	Е	ncumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	167,914.81	\$	126,257.61	\$	-	\$ 41,657.20	75%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	9,108.19	\$	7,219.87	\$	-	\$ 1,888.32	79%
	Grand Total	\$	177,023.00	\$	133,477.48	\$	-	\$ 43,545.52	75%

(E) Business Unit K100802 – Services to Juveniles in Detention Centers

Object		9/1	I/09 to 8/31/12					Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	ı	Expenditures	E	incumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	1,276,469.85	\$	1,276,428.70	\$	-	\$ 41.15	100%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	86,436.15	\$	86,397.43	\$	=	\$ 38.72	100%
	Grand Total	\$	1,362,906.00	\$	1,362,826.13	\$	-	\$ 79.87	100%

(F) Business Unit K100803 – Peacemaker Youth Education Apprentice Program

Object		10/1	/09 to 9/30/13				Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	Expenditures	E	Encumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	-	\$ =	\$	=	\$ -	-
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	450,000.00	\$ 181,565.24	\$	10,897.87	\$ 257,536.89	43%
	Grand Total	\$	450,000.00	\$ 181,565.24	\$	10,897.87	\$ 257,536.89	43%

(G) Business Unit K110801 - Navajo Nation Integrated Justice Information Sharing Project

Object		10/3	10/3/10 to 9/30/13					Fund		
Code	Description		Budget		Expenditures	E	incumbrances		Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	420,020.00	\$	34,951.07	\$	=	\$	385,068.93	8%
9710	Indirect Cost (IDC)	\$	75,812.00	\$	5,941.69	\$	-	\$	69,870.31	8%
	Grand Total	\$	495,832.00	\$	40,892.76	\$	-	\$	454,939.24	8%

(H) Business Unit K120801 - Alamo/To'hajiilee Youth Court Substance Abuse Prevention Initiative

Object	10/1/11 to 9/30/14					Fund		
Code	Description	10/	Budget	Expenditures	Er	ncumbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	286,455.00	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 286,455.00	0%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	211,911.00	\$ 5,048.85	\$	-	\$ 206,862.15	2%
	Grand Total	\$	498,366.00	\$ 5,048.85	\$		\$ 493,317.15	1%

(I) Business Unit K120802 - Aneth/Alamo/To'hajiilee Community Wellness Courts

Object		10/1	/11 to 9/30/14					Fund	
Code	Description		Budget	ı	Expenditures	End	umbrances	Balance	% Spent
2000	Personnel Services	\$	320,517.00	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 320,517.00	0%
3000-7000	Operating Expenses	\$	110,651.00	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 110,651.00	0%
9710	Indirect Cost (IDC)	\$	67,130.00	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 67,130.00	0%
	Grand Total	\$	498,298.00	\$		\$		\$ 498,298.00	0%

B. Fines and Fees Collections

DISTRICT COURT FINES AND FEES COLLECTIONS October 1, 2011 - September 30, 2012

LOCATION	Fir	rst Quarter	Se	cond Quarter	T	hird Quarter	Fourth Quarter		GR	AND TOTAL
Chinle District Court	\$	4,623.46	\$	3,188.30	\$	4,469.20	\$	2,133.20	\$	14,414.16
Crownpoint District Court	\$	1,706.55	\$	4,591.70	\$	1,988.40	\$	3,290.60	\$	11,577.25
Kayenta District Court	\$	962.40	\$	4,021.66	\$	1,392.90	\$	1,738.30	\$	8,115.26
Ramah District Court	\$	888.35	\$	737.45	\$	577.35	\$	1,843.55	\$	4,046.70
Shiprock District Court	\$	2,245.45	\$	5,868.34	\$	4,776.70	\$	3,496.55	\$	16,387.04
Tuba City District Court	\$	2,539.10	\$	2,913.70	\$	1,504.32	\$	2,624.90	\$	9,582.02
Window Rock District Court	\$	3,919.90	\$	4,887.85	\$	5,254.80	\$	3,023.55	\$	17,086.10
Dilkon District Court	\$	475.50	\$	910.25	\$	1,937.95	\$	1,751.95	\$	5,075.65
Aneth District Court	\$	545.00	\$	625.55	\$	447.00	\$	1,034.05	\$	2,651.60
Dzil Yijiin District Court	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	110.00	\$	110.00
Alamo District Court	\$	172.40	\$	-	\$	114.60	\$	265.90	\$	552.90
To'hajiilee District Court	\$	278.15	\$	746.10	\$	273.70	\$	293.70	\$	1,591.65
Supreme Court	\$	653.95	\$	2,032.85	\$	2,173.75	\$	2,705.00	\$	7,565.55
TOTAL	\$	19,010.21	\$	30,523.75	\$	24,910.67	\$	24,311.25	\$	98,755.88

DISTRICT COURT TRAFFIC FINES COLLECTIONS October 1, 2011 - September 30, 2012

LOCATION	Fi	rst Quarter	Se	cond Quarter	Tł	nird Quarter	Fo	urth Quarter	GR	AND TOTAL
Alamo District Court	\$	50.00	\$	-	\$	545.00	\$	591.00	\$	1,186.00
Chinle District Court	\$	13,308.25	\$	9,772.50	\$	21,340.00	\$	18,305.00	\$	62,725.75
Crownpoint District Court	\$	3,230.50	\$	13,502.60	\$	9,439.25	\$	18,618.82	\$	44,791.17
Kayenta District Court	\$	1,100.00	\$	4,375.00	\$	2,860.00	\$	5,445.02	\$	13,780.02
Ramah District Court	\$	3,357.50	\$	7,868.54	\$	7,247.00	\$	9,531.50	\$	28,004.54
Shiprock District Court	\$	15,440.75	\$	40,178.25	\$	17,763.92	\$	15,322.85	\$	88,705.77
To'hajiilee District Court	\$	135.00	\$	1,025.10	\$	1,087.50	\$	586.00	\$	2,833.60
Tuba City District Court	\$	3,457.50	\$	4,633.00	\$	4,316.00	\$	8,089.75	\$	20,496.25
Window Rock District Court	\$	13,207.25	\$	11,446.75	\$	13,096.00	\$	9,138.00	\$	46,888.00
Dilkon District Court	\$	530.00	\$	875.00	\$	1,150.00	\$	4,620.00	\$	7,175.00
Aneth District Court	\$	910.00	\$	500.00	\$	705.00	\$	525.00	\$	2,640.00
Dzil Yijiin District Court	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	375.00	\$	375.00
TOTAL	\$	54,726.75	\$	94,176.74	\$	79,549.67	\$	91,147.94	\$	319,601.10

FAMILY COURT FINES AND FEES COLLECTIONS October 1, 2011 - September 30, 2012

October 1, 2011 - September 30, 2012										
LOCATION	Fir	First Quarter		cond Quarter	Tł	nird Quarter	Fo	urth Quarter	GRAND TOTAL	
Alamo Family Court	\$	90.00	\$	-	\$	305.00	\$	280.00	\$	675.00
Chinle Family Court	\$	1,215.00	\$	1,407.90	\$	1,505.00	\$	1,310.00	\$	5,437.90
Crownpoint Family Court	\$	1,025.00	\$	2,344.50	\$	1,985.00	\$	2,252.50	\$	7,607.00
Kayenta Family Court	\$	115.00	\$	500.00	\$	240.00	\$	585.00	\$	1,440.00
Ramah Family Court	\$	101.40	\$	165.00	\$	172.50	\$	105.00	\$	543.90
Shiprock Family Court	\$	1,085.00	\$	2,125.00	\$	1,487.50	\$	2,350.00	\$	7,047.50
To'hajiilee Family Court	\$	65.00	\$	235.00	\$	220.00	\$	195.00	\$	715.00
Tuba City Family Court	\$	728.35	\$	795.00	\$	759.90	\$	1,000.00	\$	3,283.25
Window Rock Family Court	\$	1,750.00	\$	1,830.00	\$	2,040.00	\$	2,010.00	\$	7,630.00
Dilkon Family Court	\$	635.00	\$	805.00	\$	755.00	\$	945.00	\$	3,140.00
Aneth Family Court	\$	400.00	\$	340.00	\$	560.00	\$	380.00	\$	1,680.00
TOTAL	\$	7,209.75	\$	10,547.40	\$	10,029.90	\$	11,412.50	\$	39,199.55

SUMMARY FY2012 FINES AND FEES COLLECTIONS

	Fi	rst Quarter	Se	cond Quarter	T	hird Quarter	Fo	urth Quarter	GR	AND TOTAL
DISTRICT COURT FINES & FEES	\$	19,010.21	\$	30,523.75	\$	24,910.67	\$	24,311.25	\$	98,755.88
TRAFFIC FINES	\$	54,726.75	\$	94,176.74	\$	79,549.67	\$	91,147.94	\$	319,601.10
FAMILY COURT FINES & FEES	\$	7,209.75	\$	10,547.40	\$	10,029.90	\$	11,412.50	\$	39,199.55
ADJUSTMENTS	\$	(0.50)	\$	12.87	\$	(37.30)	\$	11.50	\$	(13.43)
TOTAL	\$	80,946.21	\$	135,260.76	\$	114,452.94	\$	126,883.19	\$	457,543.10